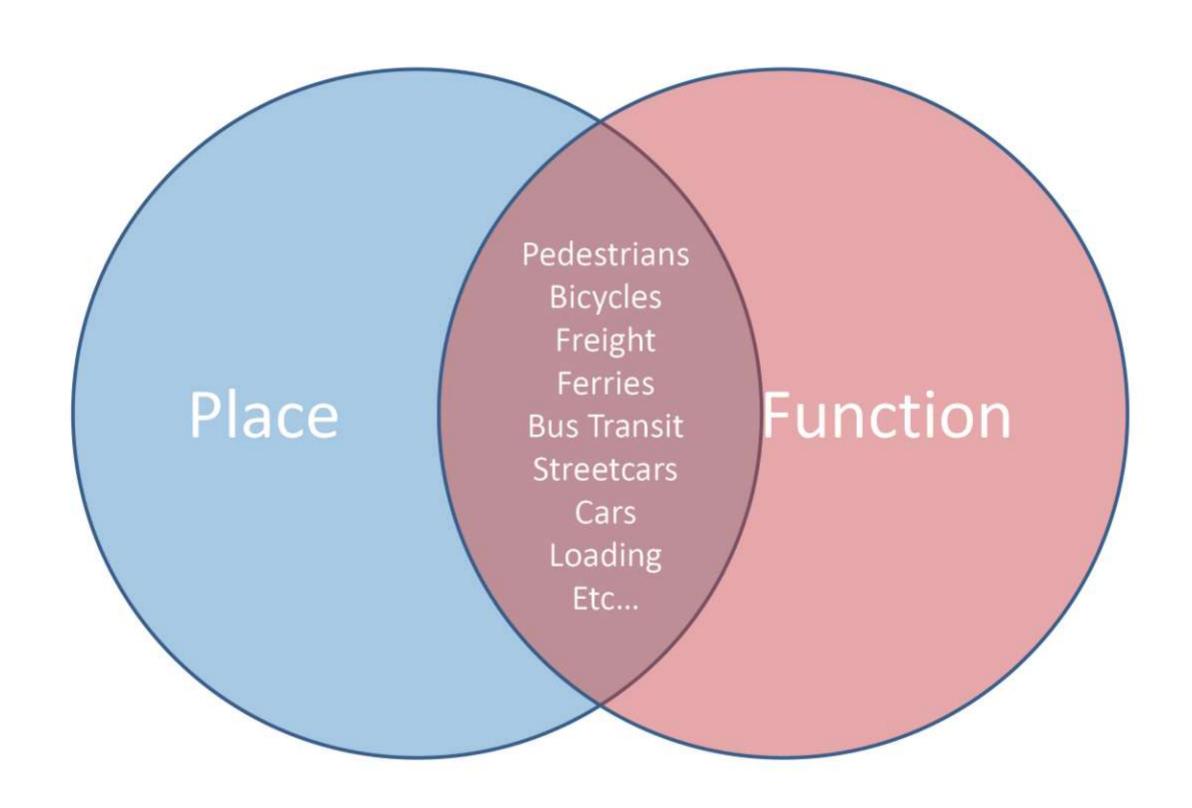




A GREAT URBAN STREET



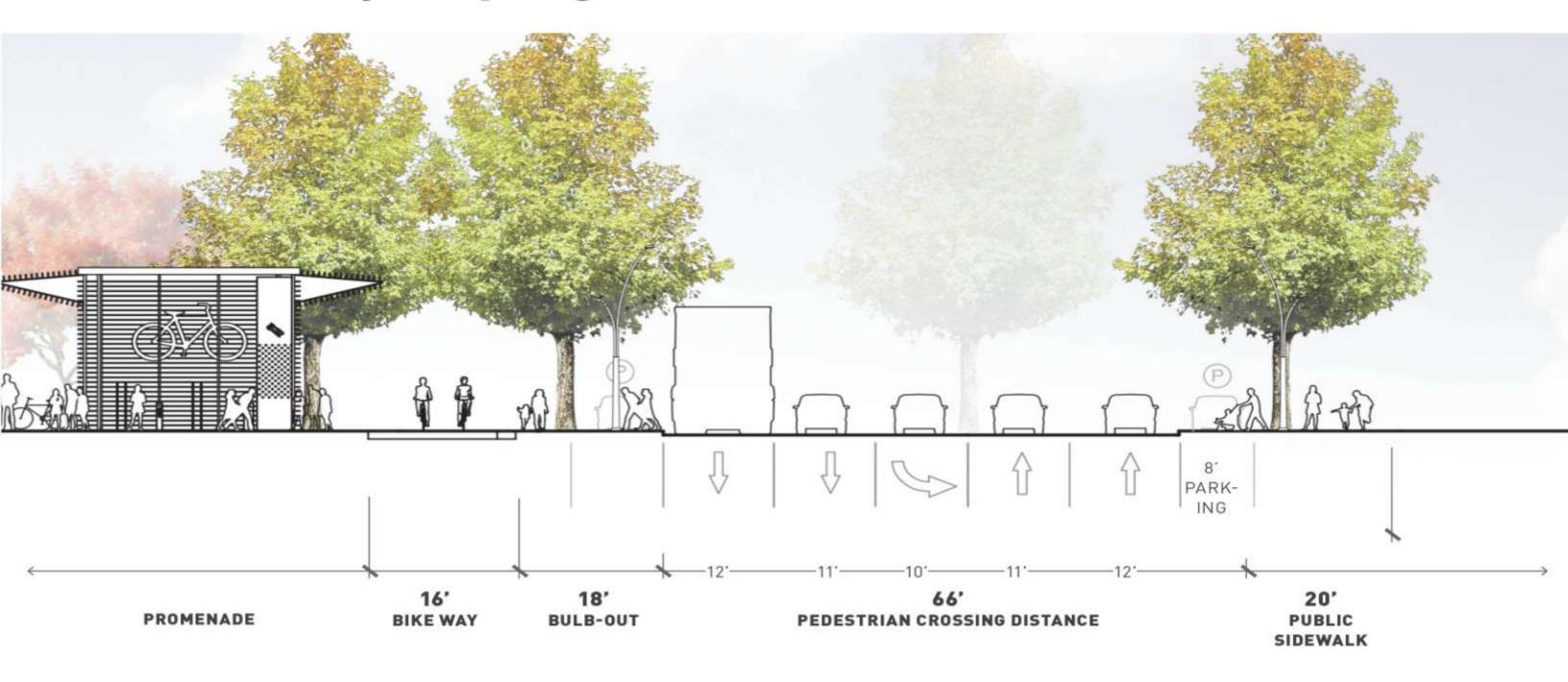
DESIGN PRIORITIES:

- PUBLIC SPACE
- PEDESTRIANS
- BICYCLES
- TRANSIT (SOUTHWEST SEATTLE AND LOCAL)
- FREIGHT
- PARKING/LOADING
- FERRY ACCESS
- ACCESS TO DOWNTOWN AND NW SEATTLE NOT PROVIDED BY BORED TUNNEL

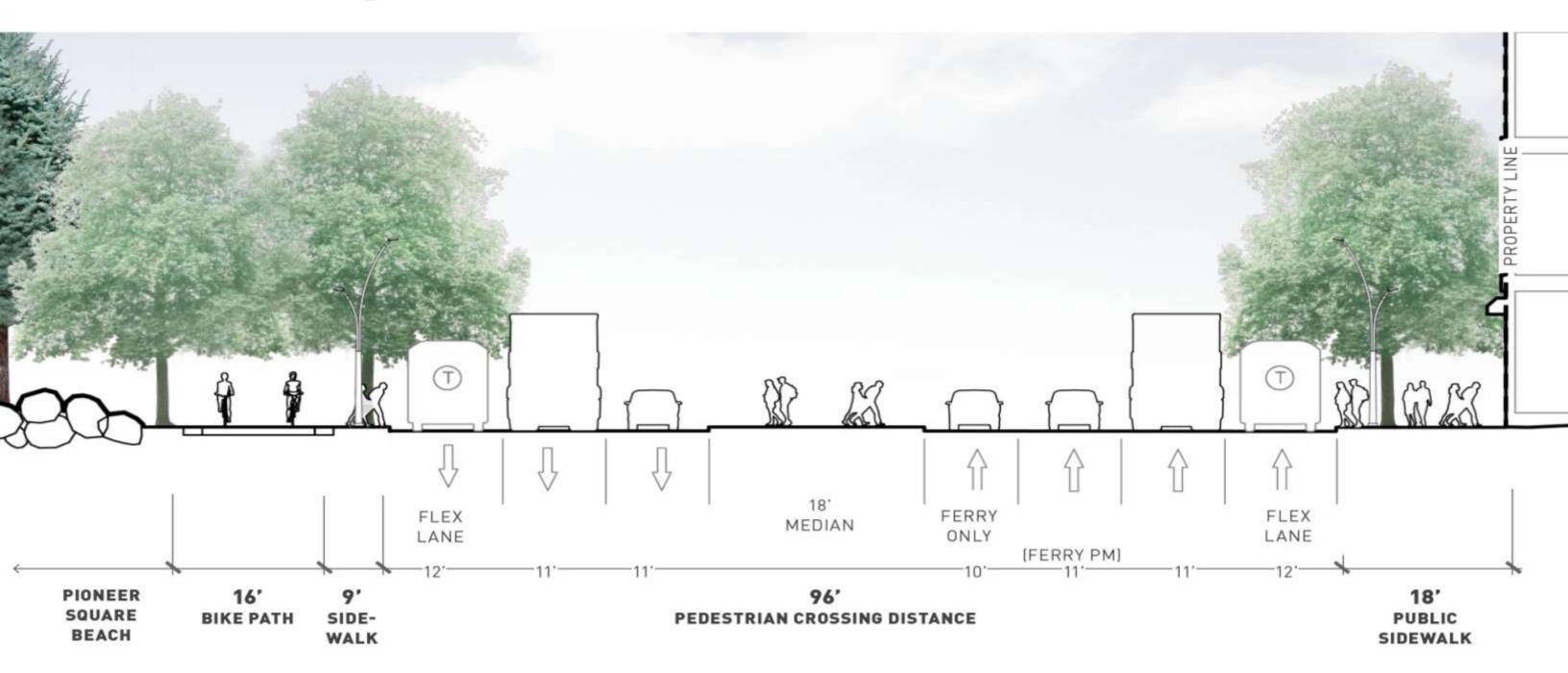
Waterfront Streets



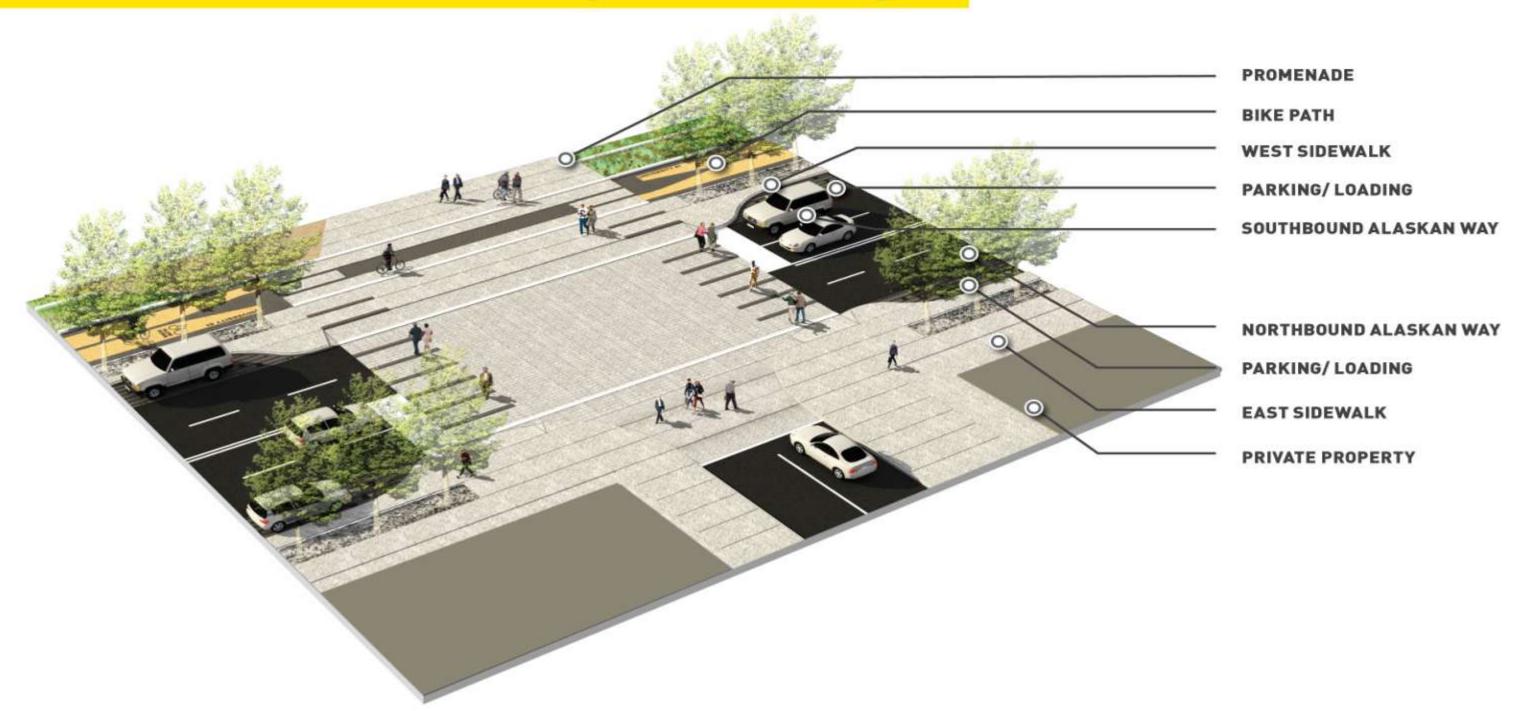
C: Alaskan Way at Spring Street



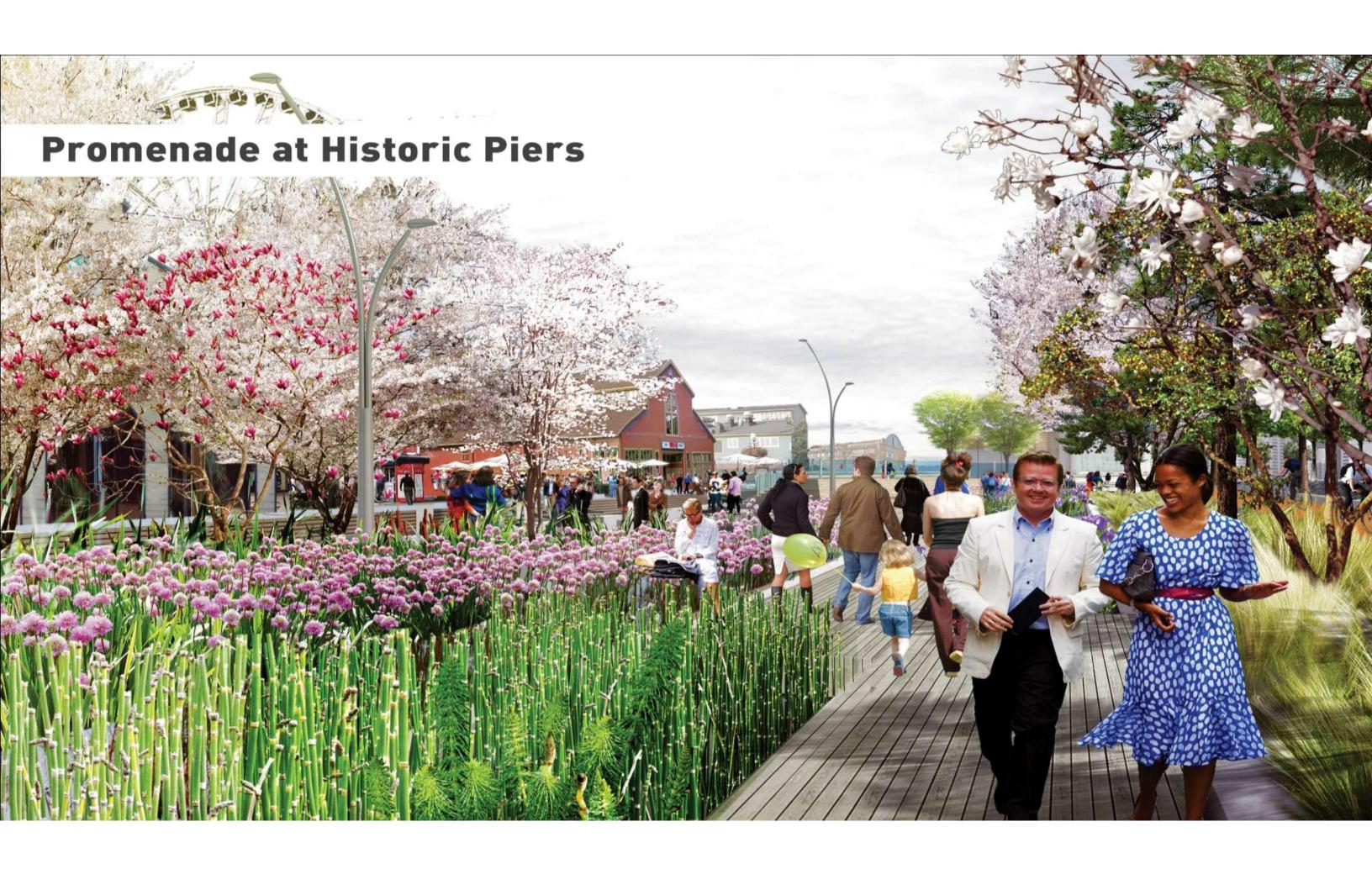
A: Alaskan Way at S. Main Street

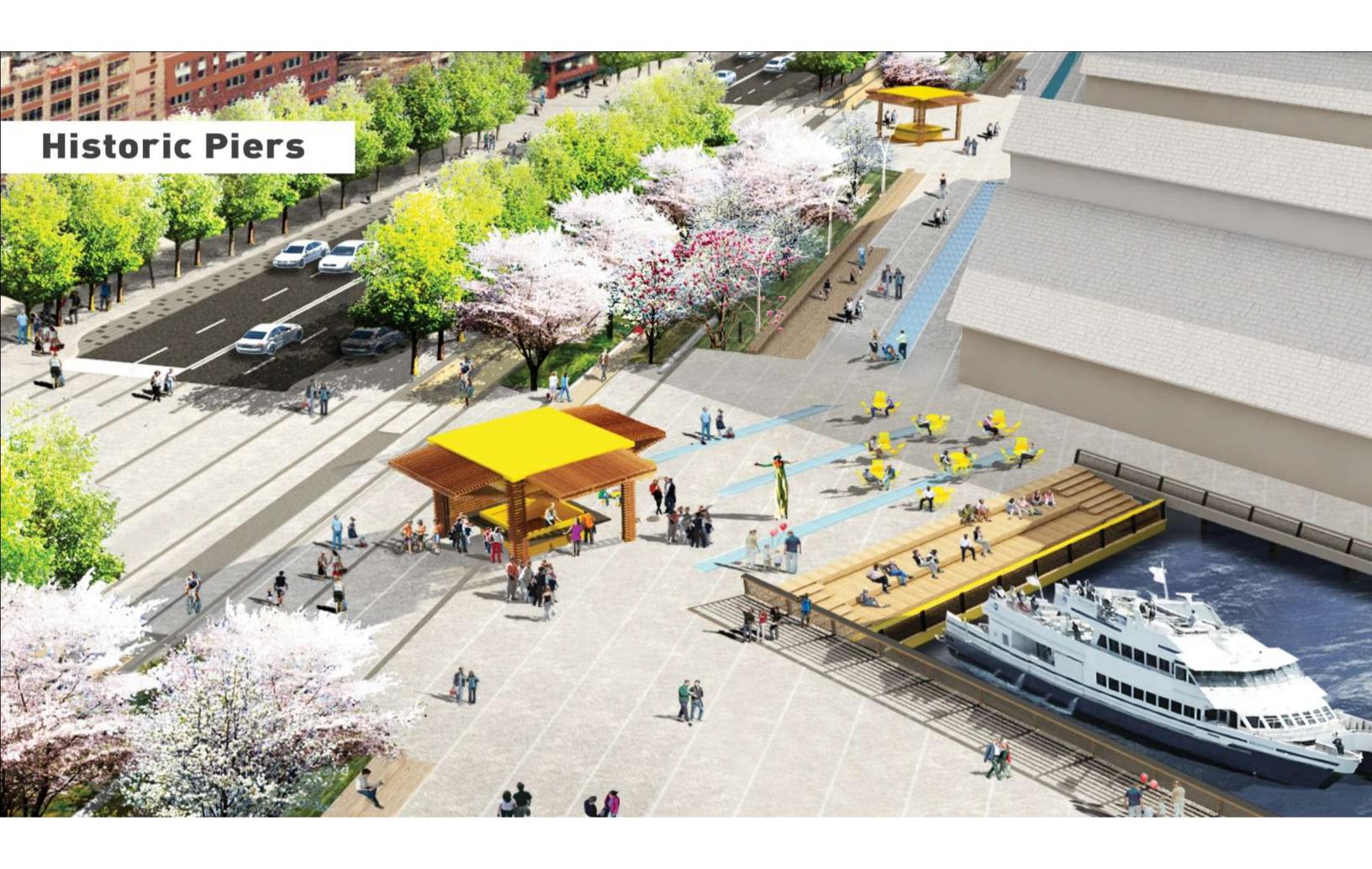


Pedestrian-Friendly Crossings







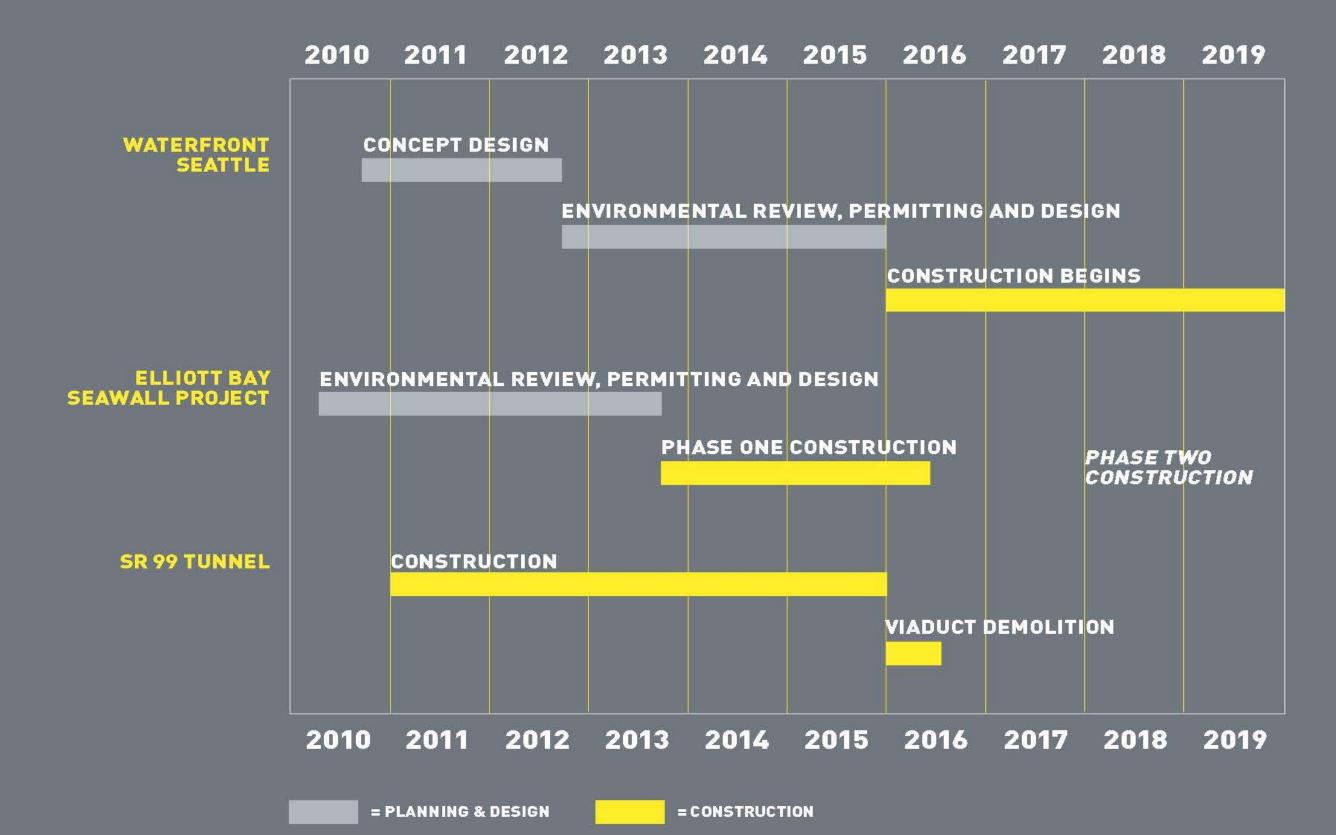












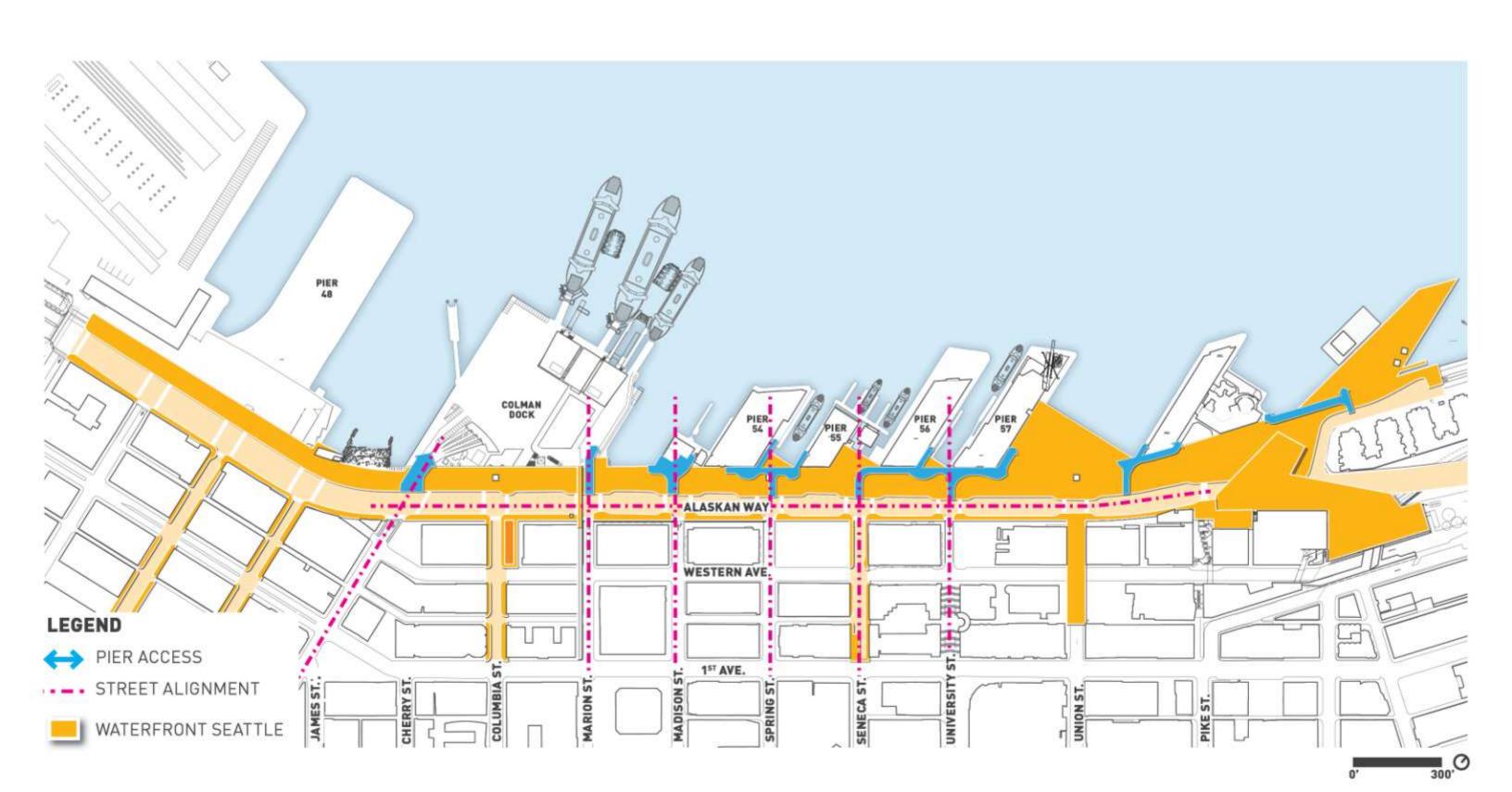
REMAINING STREET AND TRANSIT ISSUES:

- PIER ACCESS/DRIVEWAYS
- BICYCLE FACILITY
- SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY
- LOCAL WATERFRONT TRANSIT

PIER ACCESS DESIGN UPDATE

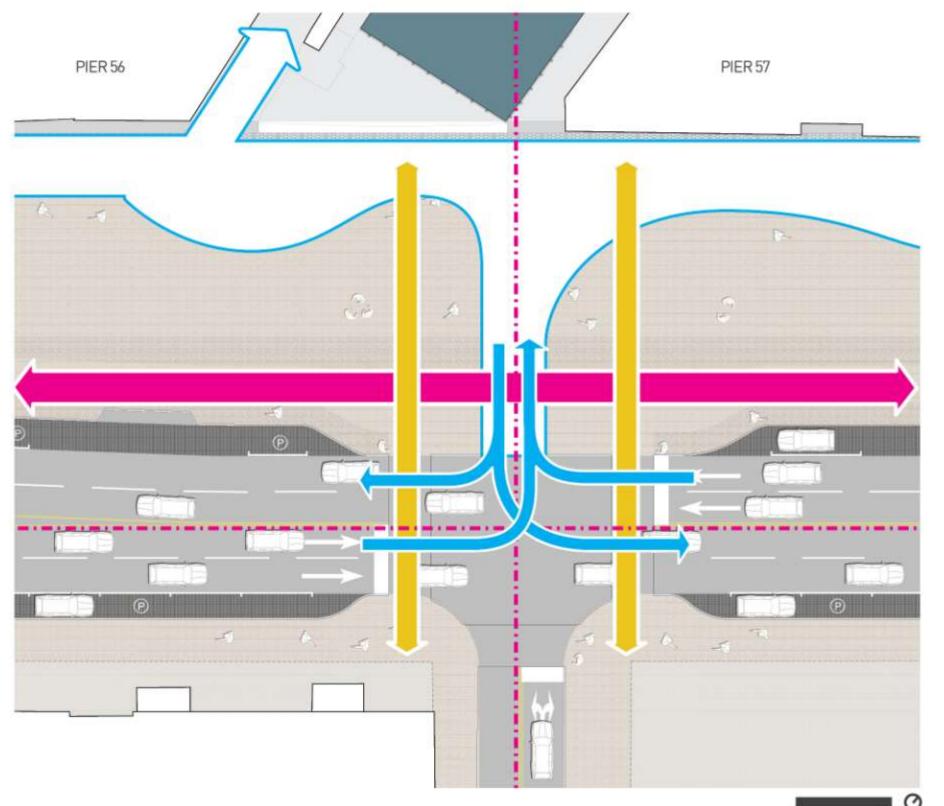
PIER ACCESS

EARLY DESIGN: ACCESS ALIGNED WITH INTERSECTIONS



ACCESS AT INTERSECTION

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS



MAIN ISSUES

- 1. CREATES A 4-WAY INTERSECTION
- 2. HIGHER VEHICLE SPEED
- 3. RIGHT + LEFT HAND TURN COLLISION THREAT TO CYCLISTS
- 4. LARGE USE OF SPACE

LEGEND

PIER ACCESS SPACE REQUIREMENT



→ VEHICLE ENTRANCE + EXIT ROUTES



←→ BIKE TRAFFIC



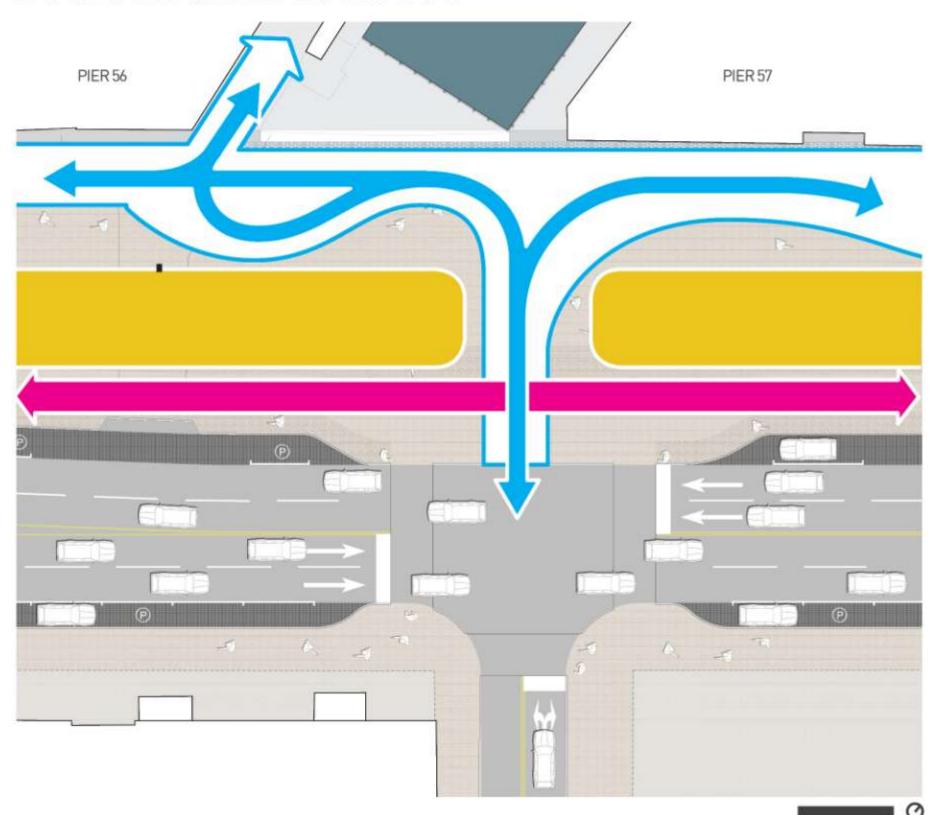
PEDESTRIAN CROSSING



-- STREET ALIGNMENT

ACCESS AT INTERSECTION

SPACE ALLOCATION



MAIN ISSUES

- 1. NOT ALIGNED WITH PIER ENTRANCE
- 2. REQUIRES ADDITIONAL MANEUVERING
- 3. VEHICLES DOMINATE PEDESTRIAN INTERSECTION

LEGEND



PIER ACCESS REQUIREMENT



VEHICLE ENTRANCE + EXIT ROUTES

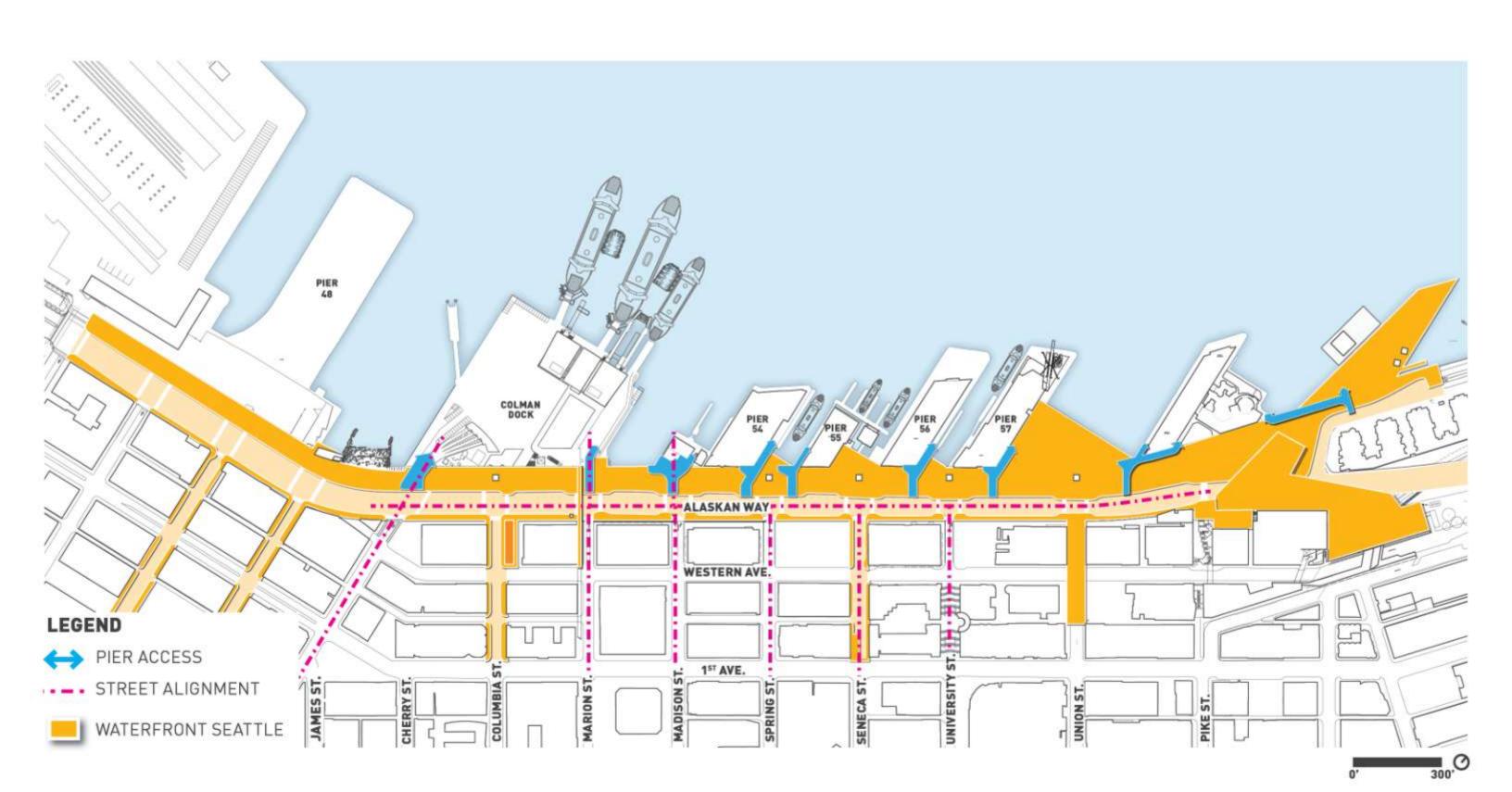


BIKE TRAFFIC



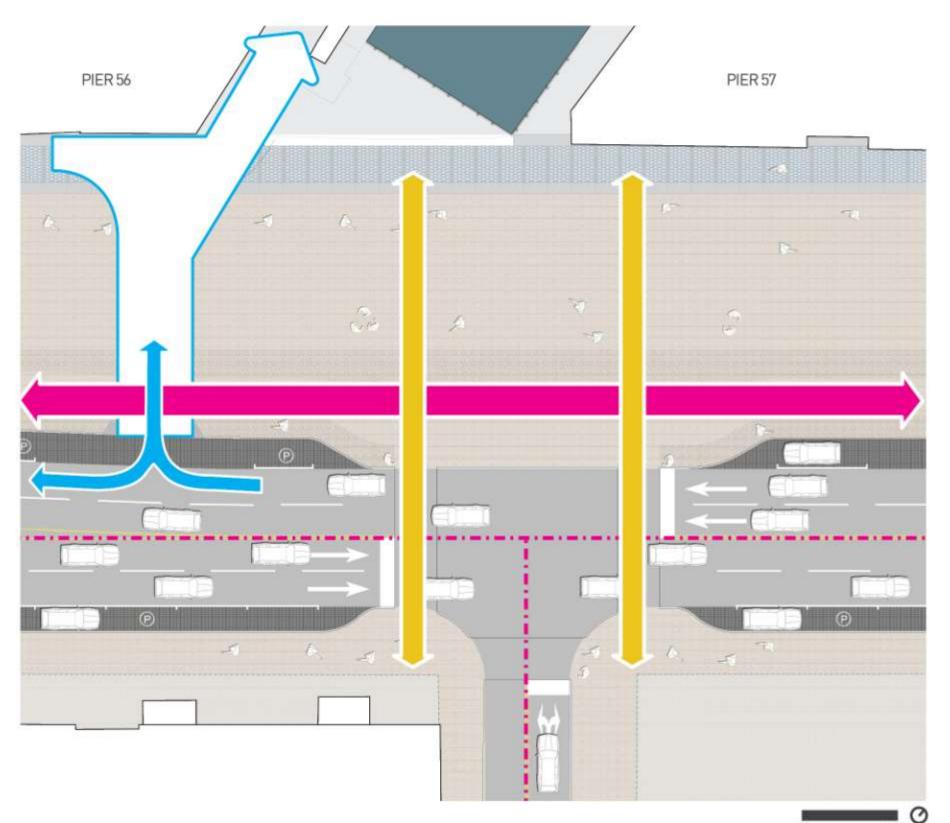
USABLE PEDESTRIAN REALM

CONCEPT DESIGN, JULY 2012 PIER ACCESS AT MID-BLOCK



MID-BLOCK ACCESS

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS



MAIN ISSUES

- 1. ALIGNED WITH EXISTING PIER ACCESS
- 2. FORCED SLOWER SPEEDS
- 3. NO SIGNALIZATION NEEDED
- 4. RIGHT IN, RIGHT OUT
- **5. DIRECT ROUTE**
- 6. INCREASED LOW-VOLUME BIKE FACILITY CROSSINGS

LEGEND



⇔ PIER ACCESS REQUIREMENT



★ VEHICLE ENTRANCE + EXIT ROUTES

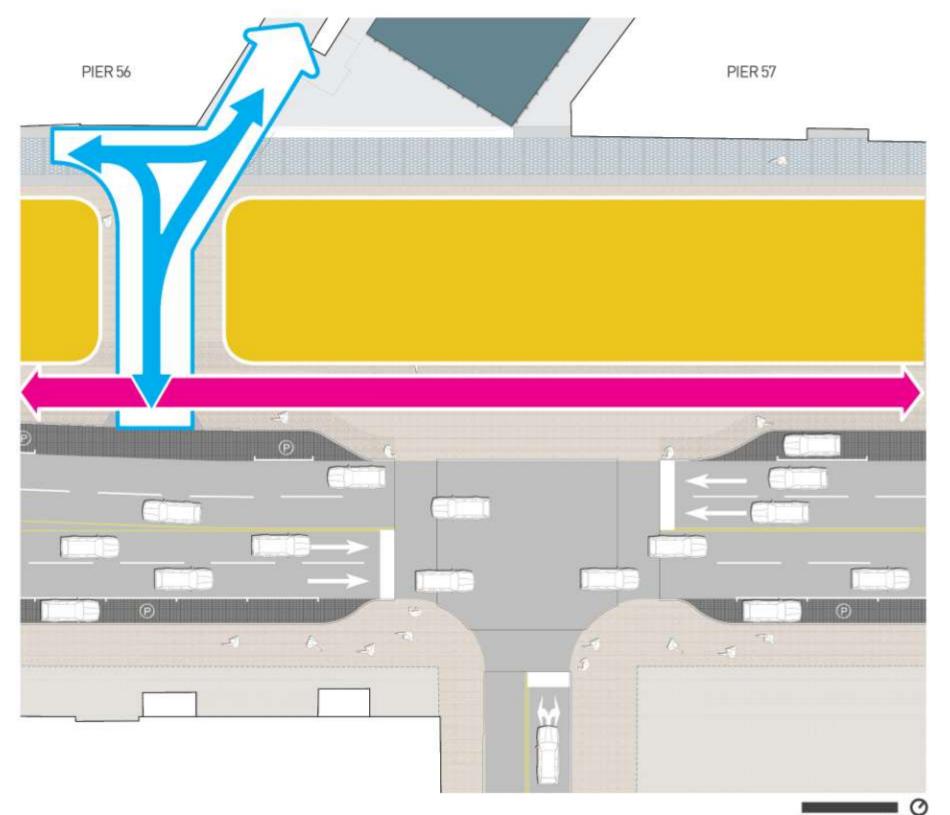


←→ BIKE TRAFFIC



PEDESTRIAN CROSSING

MID-BLOCK ACCESS **SPACE ALLOCATION**



MAIN ISSUES

- 1. ALIGNED WITH PIER ENTRANCE
- 2. REQUIRES MINIMAL MANEUVERING
- 3. PEDESTRIAN INTERSECTION VEHICLE FREE

LEGEND



⇔ PIER ACCESS REQUIREMENT



★ VEHICLE ENTRANCE + EXIT ROUTES



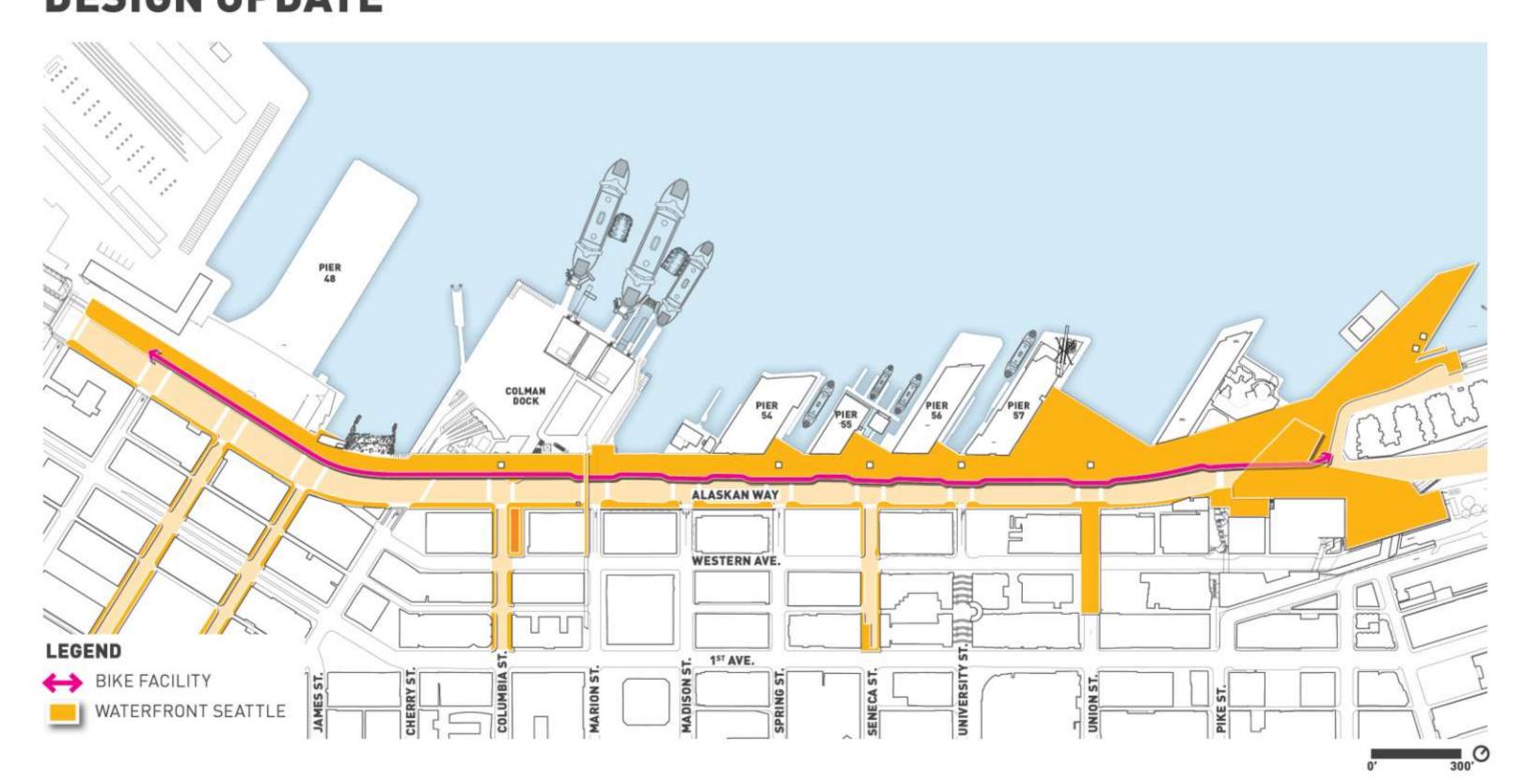
BIKE TRAFFIC



USABLE PEDESTRIAN REALM

BIKE FACILITY DESIGN UPDATE

MARCH, 2013 BIKE FACILITY DESIGN UPDATE



WIDE VARIETY OF USERS



BIKE COMMUTERS



CASUAL BIKERS



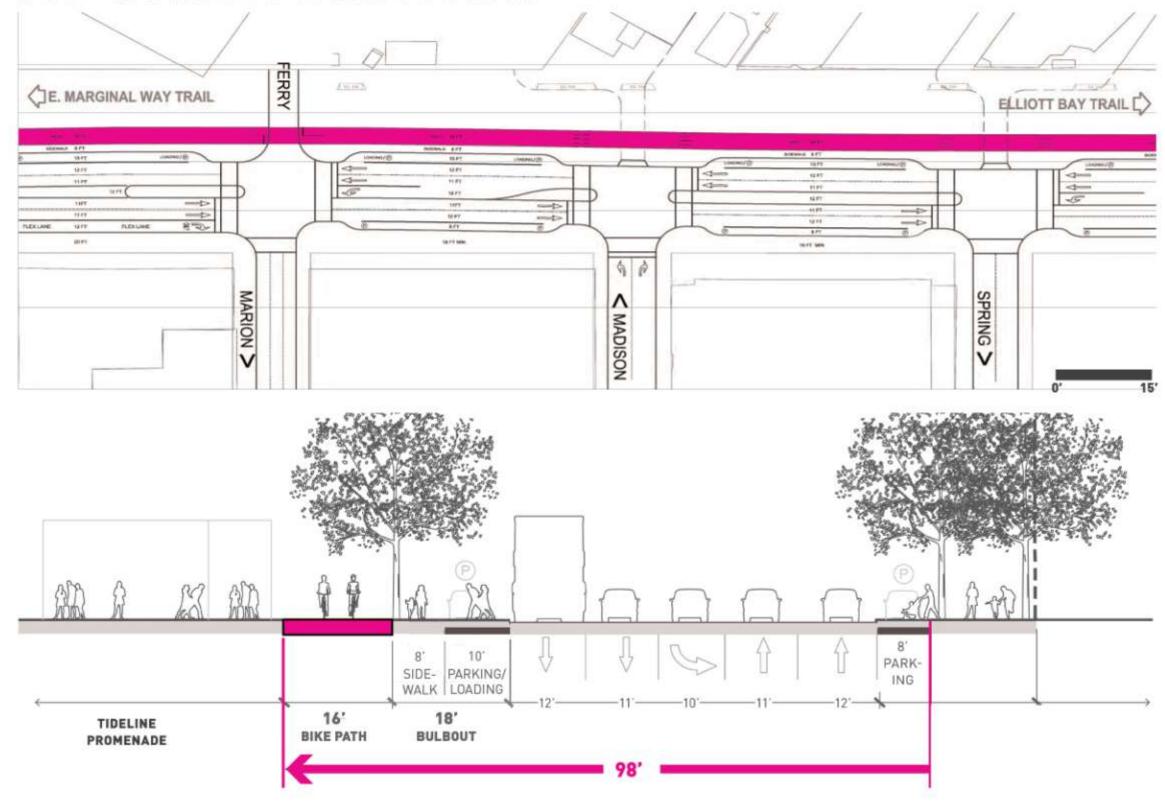
PEDI-CABS

OPTIONS STUDIED

- 1. OFF-STREET PATH (CONCEPT DESIGN)
- 2. IN-STREET BIKE LANES + REDUCED OFF-STREET PATH
- 3. TWO-WAY CYCLE TRACK
- 4. ONE-WAY CYCLE TRACKS (NB + SB)

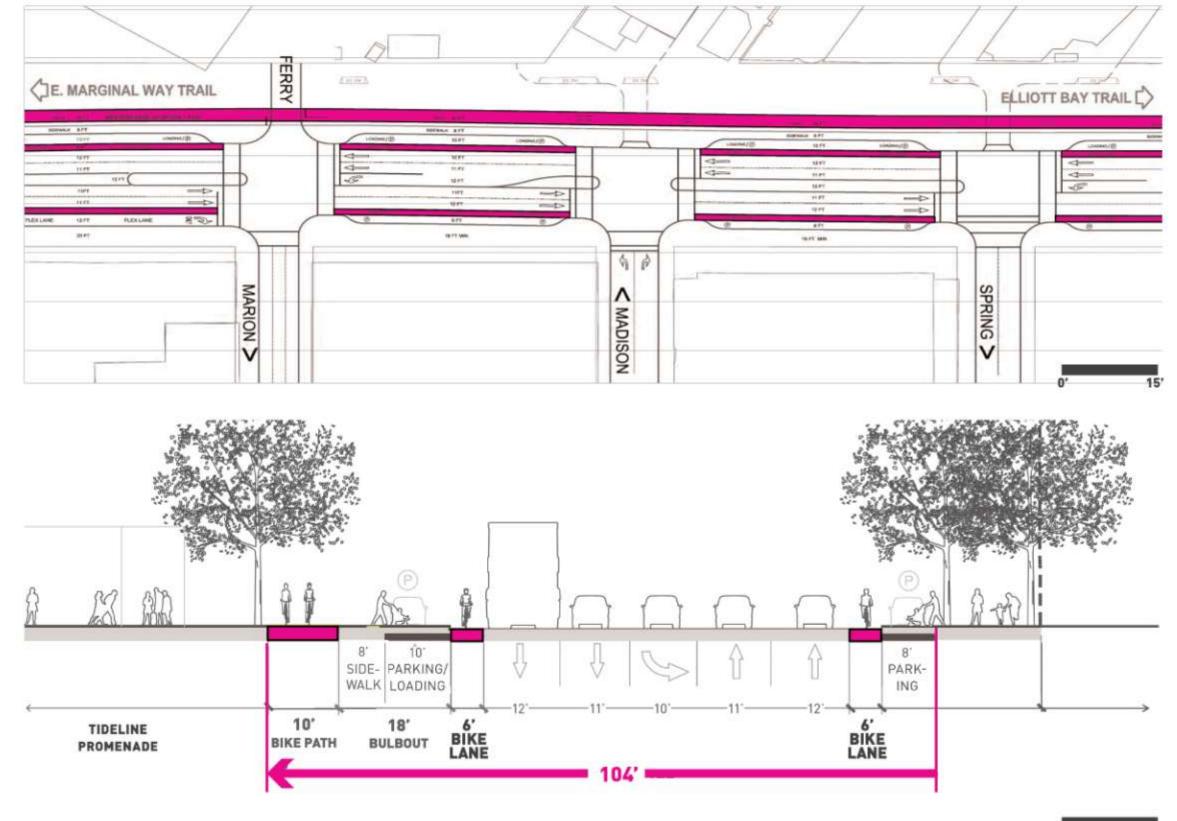


OFF STREET BIKE PATH



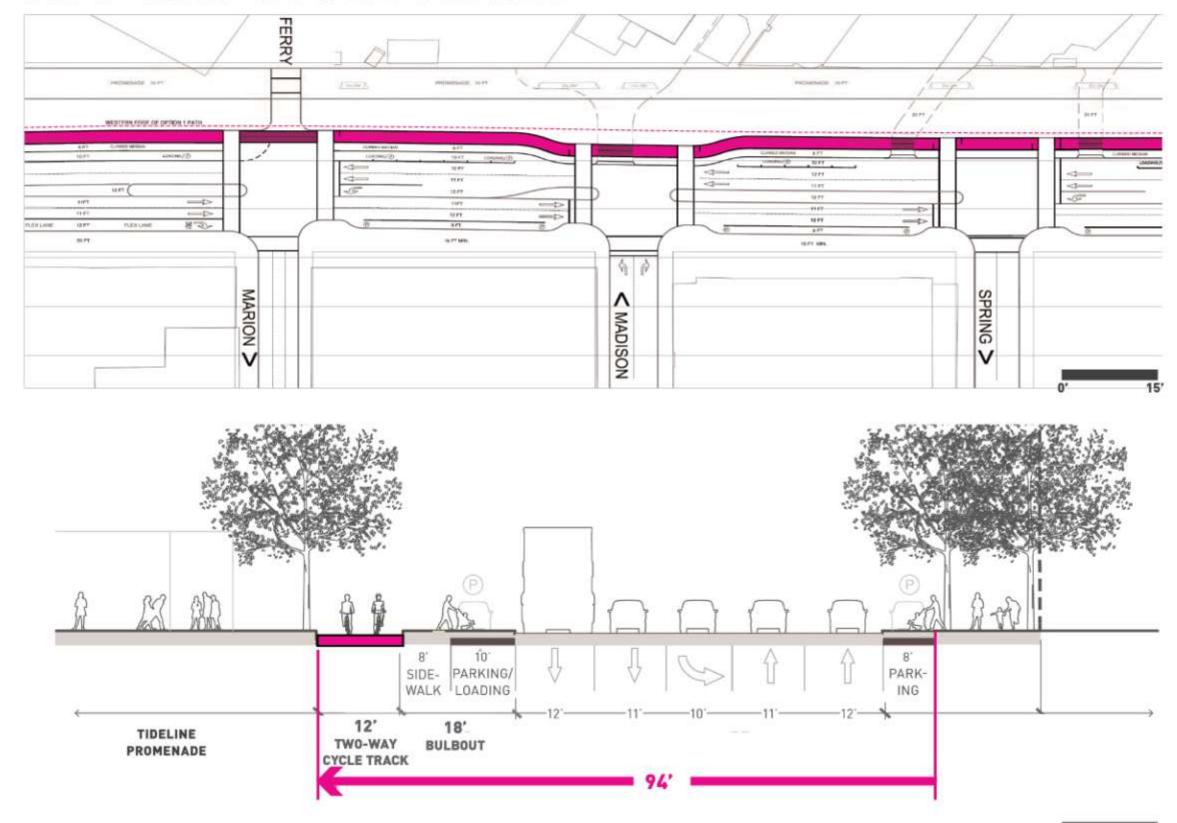


BIKE LANES + REDUCED OFF-STREET PATH



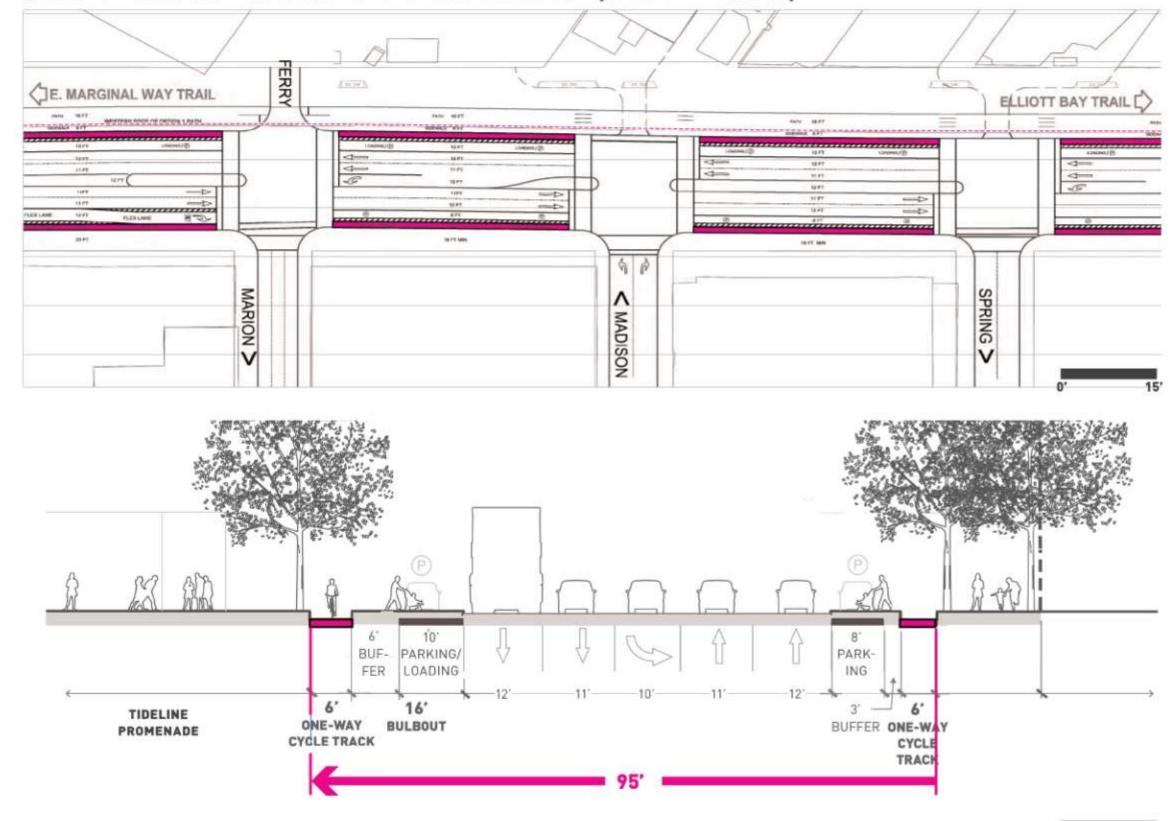


TWO-WAY CYCLE TRACK





ONE-WAY CYCLE TRACKS (NB + SB)



BIKE FACILITY

BIKE FACILITY EVALUATION

| PERFORMANCE | Option 1: | Option 2: | Option 3: | Option 4: |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MEASURES | Off-street path | Bike lanes + reduced off-street path | Two-way cycle track | One way cycle-track |
| Tier 1 – Critical Criter | ia | | | |
| Bike/Auto conflicts | Fewest bike/auto conflict locations | Conflicts in northbound in- street bike lane | Fewest bike/auto conflict locations | Most bike/auto conflict locations (northbound track crosses every east-west street) |
| Bike/Pedestrian conflicts | Highest risk of bike/pedestrian conflict at uncontrolled path crossing Pedestrians walk on path | Risk of bike/pedestrian conflict moderately reduced by bike lanes | Pedestrians protected by signalized crosswalk | Pedestrians cross two separate cycle tracks. Increase in cyclists riding on promenade northbound |
| User share | Not attractive to commuter cyclists | Attracts the widest range of cyclists | Serves wide range of cyclists (novice to commuters) | Serves wide range of cyclists (novice to commuters) |
| Tier 2 – General Crite | ria | | | |
| Consistency with Draft Bike Master Plan Update | Consistent with Bike Master Plan Update | Street has too much traffic for bike lanes. | Consistent with Bike Master Plan Update | Consistent with Bike Master Plan Update |
| Promenade influence | No significant impact on promenade width or design | No significant impact on promenade width or design | No significant impact on promenade width but increased number of casual riders likely to use promenade | No significant impact on promenade width but increased number of casual riders likely to use promenade |
| Parking/loading | Each Option provides similar parking/loading zone capacity | Each Option provides similar parking/loading zone capacity | Each Option provides similar parking/loading zone capacity | Each Option provides similar parking/loading zone capacity |
| Pedestrian load/unload | 8-foot sidewalk allows adequate space for load/unload of people, strollers and wheelchairs; including transit and charter buses | 8-foot sidewalk allows adequate space for load/unload of people, strollers and wheelchairs; including transit and charter buses | Provides same 8-foot sidewalk as Options 1 and 2, but pedestrians must cross cycle track at crosswalks. | Sidewalk could be widened to perform as Option 3. |
| Bicycle network connectivity + Legibility | Contiguous connection to Elliott Bay trail. Primary waterfront bicycle route is very clear to users | Bike path provides contiguous connection to Elliott Bay trail, but north-bound bike lane does not Transition to bike lanes is counterintuitive. | Contiguous connection to Elliott Bay trail Primary waterfront bicycle route is very clear to users | No contiguous north-bound connection to Elliott Bay trail Cyclists may ride the wrong way on the one-way track. |
| Street scale | Narrowest crossing | Street width larger due to added bike lanes. | Street width larger due to added cycle track and buffer. | Street width larger due to added cycle track and buffer (in both directions). |

LEGEND

UNFAVORABLE



FAVORABLE

PRELIMINARY PREFERRED OPTION IDENTIFIED - FEBRUARY 2013

| 1 | OPTIONS | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PERFORMANCE MEASURES | Option 1: Off-street path | Option 2: Bike lanes + reduced off-street path | Option 3: Two-way cycle track | Option 4: One way cycle-track |
| Tier 1 - Critical Criter | ia | | | |
| Bike/Auto conflicts | Fewest bike/auto conflict locations | Conflicts in northbound in- street bike lane | Fewest bike/auto conflict locations | Most bike/auto conflict locations (northbound track crosses every east-west street) |
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LEGEND

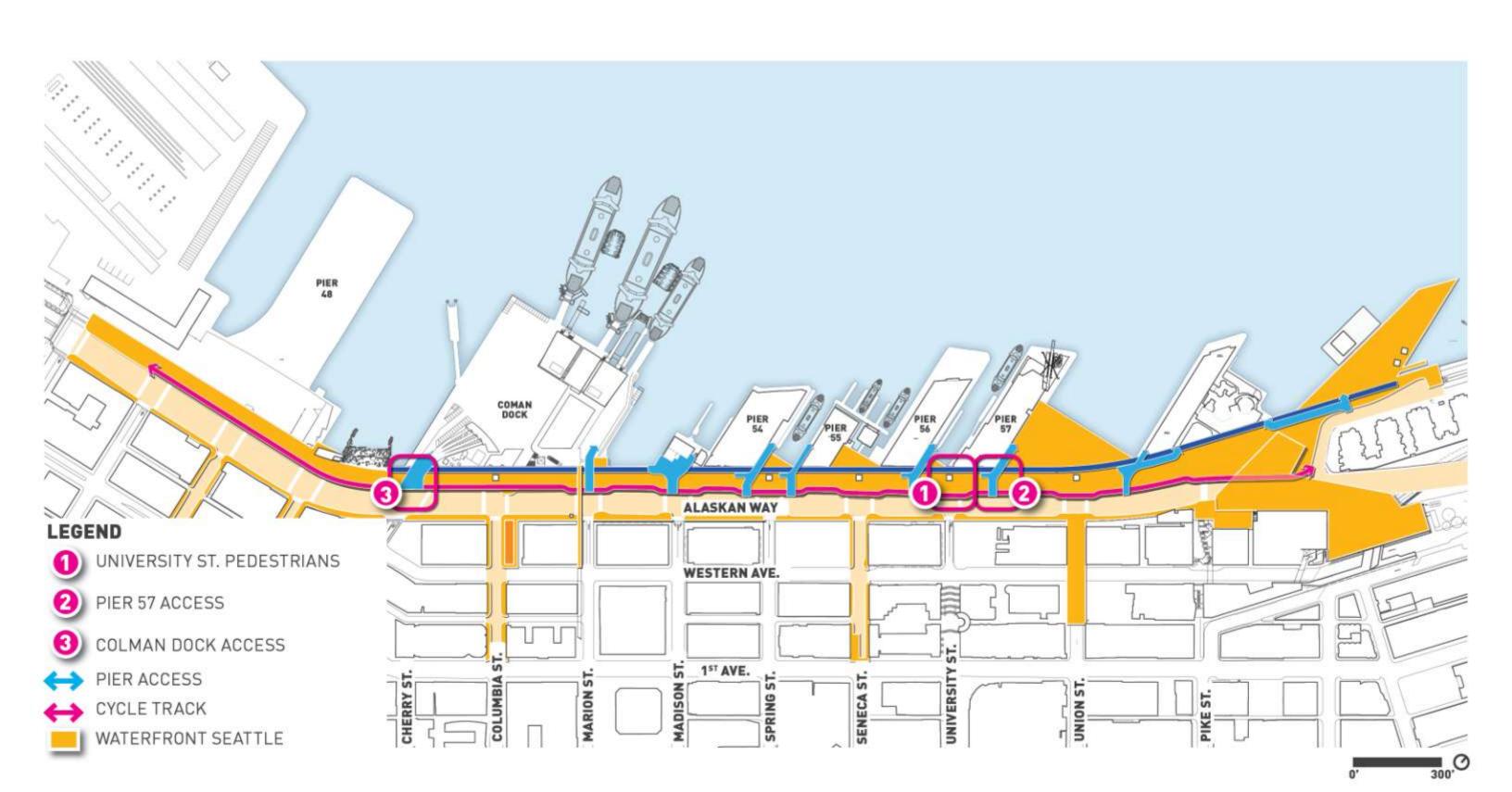
UNFAVORABLE

MODERATE

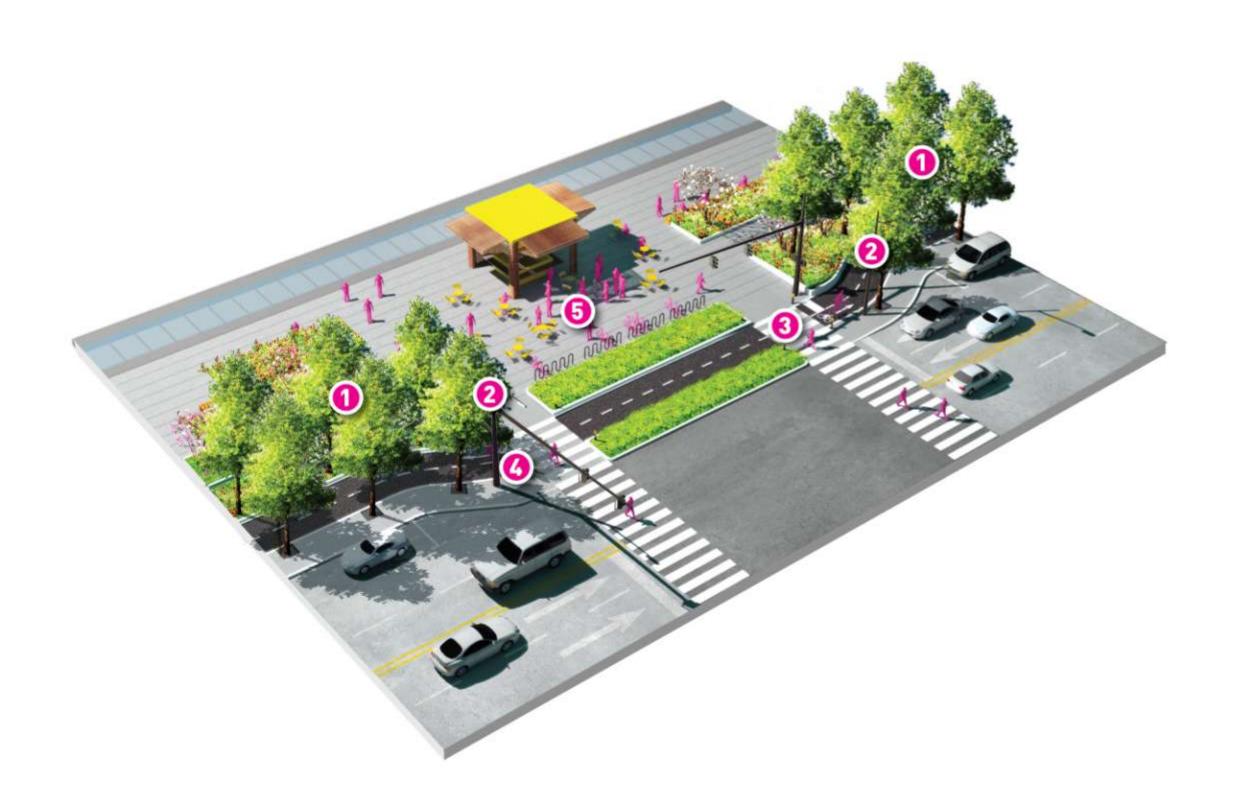
FAVORABLE

MARCH 2013

SAMPLE CYCLE TRACK INTERSECTIONS

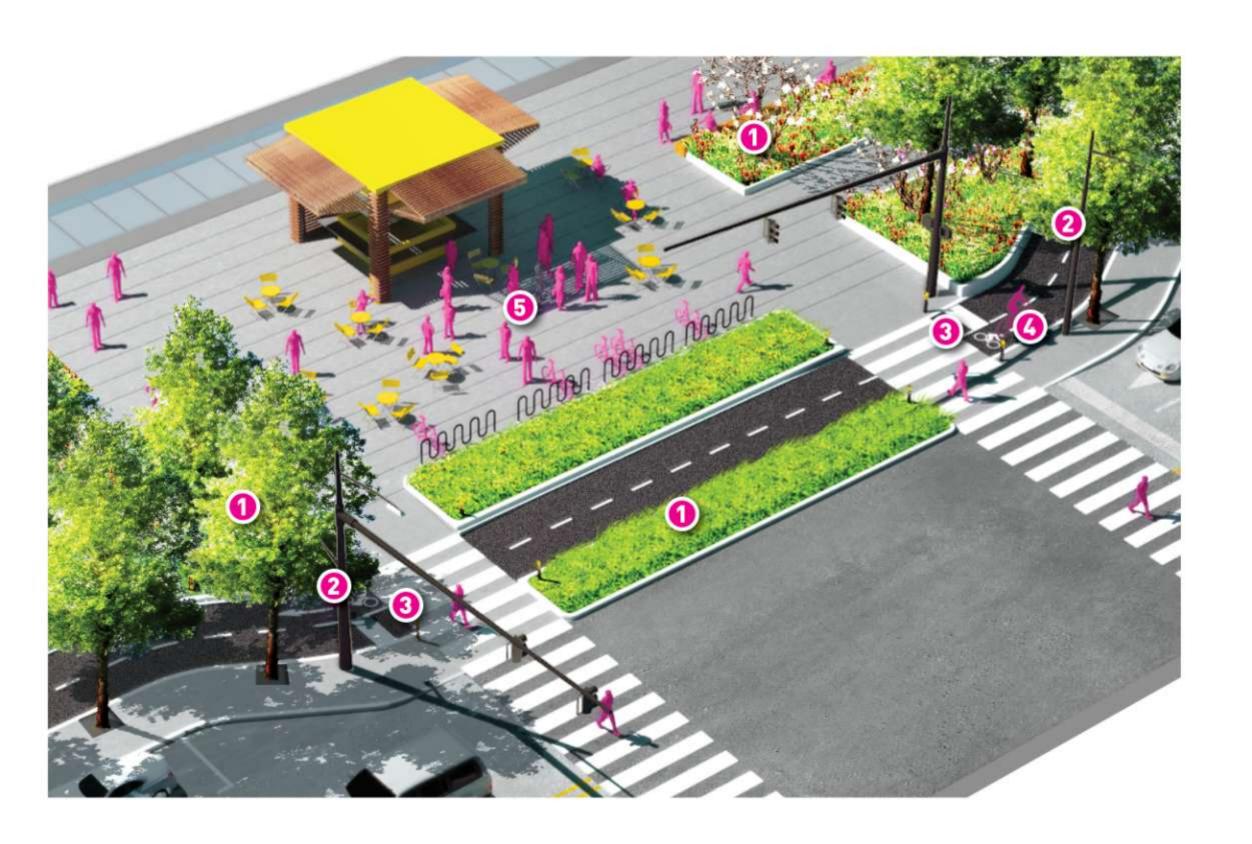


TYPOLOGY OF INTERSECTIONS UNIVERSITY ST. - HEAVY PEDESTRIAN ACTIVITY



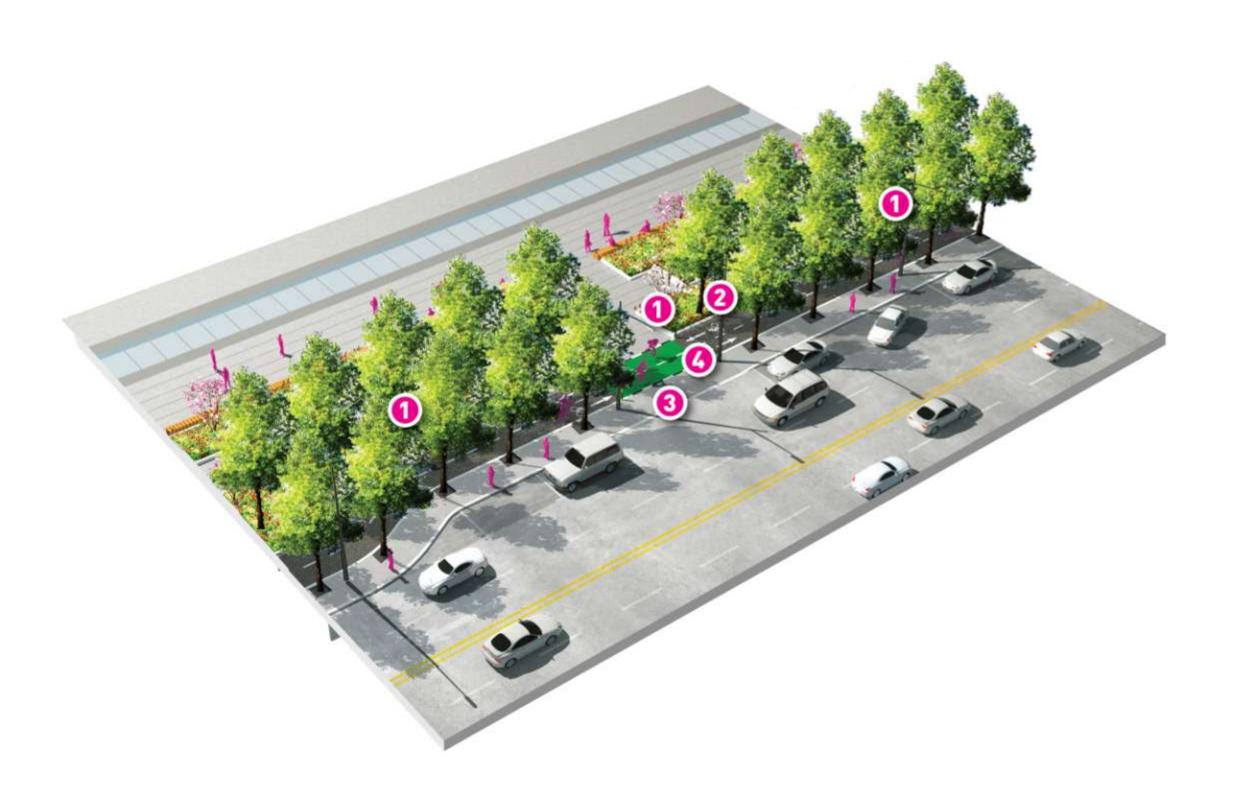
- PLANTING
- LIGHTING
- LEVELING
- WAYFINDING
- PROGRAM OPPORTUNITY

TYPOLOGY OF INTERSECTIONS UNIVERSITY ST. - HEAVY PEDESTRIAN ACTIVITY



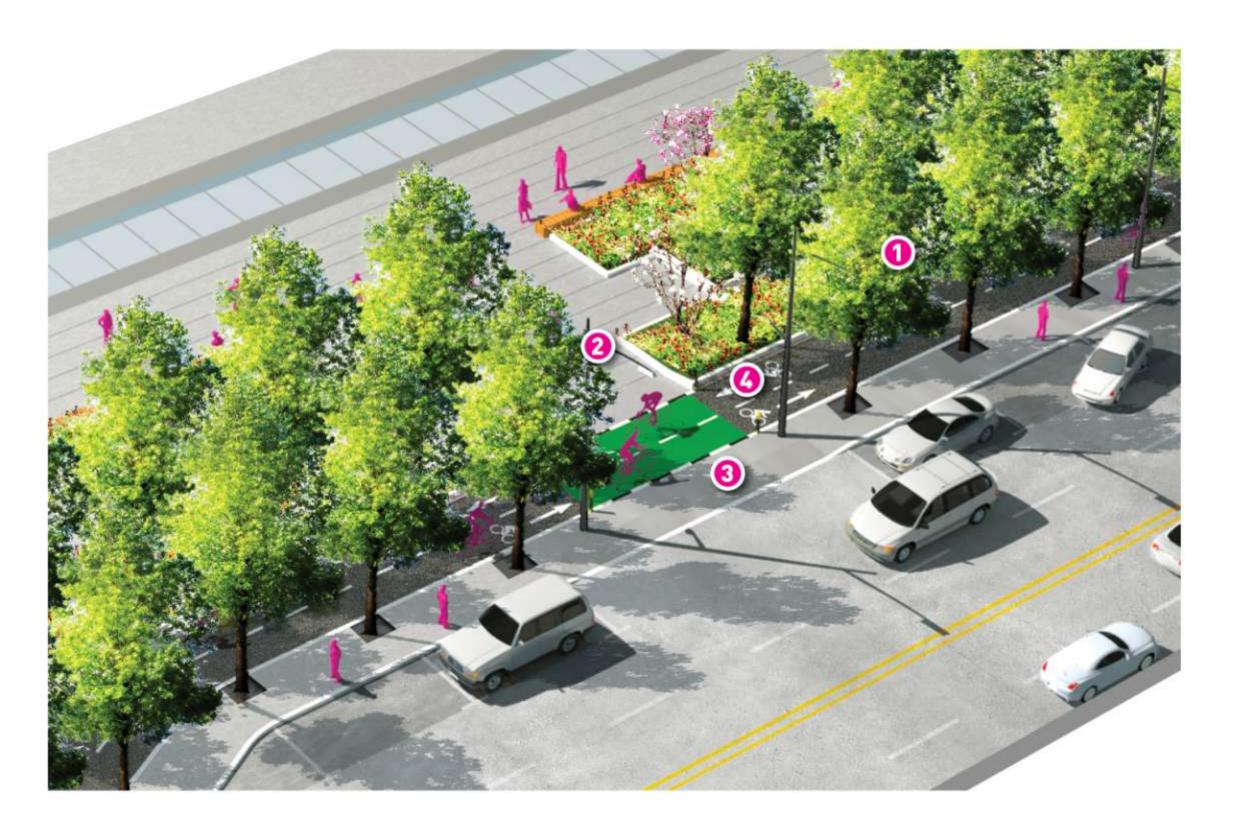
- PLANTING
- LIGHTING
- LEVELING
- WAYFINDING
- PROGRAM OPPORTUNITY

PIER 57 ACCESS - MODERATE VEHICULAR ACTIVITY



- 1 PLANTING
- 2 LIGHTING
- 3 LEVELING
- WAYFINDING

PIER 57 ACCESS - MODERATE VEHICULAR ACTIVITY



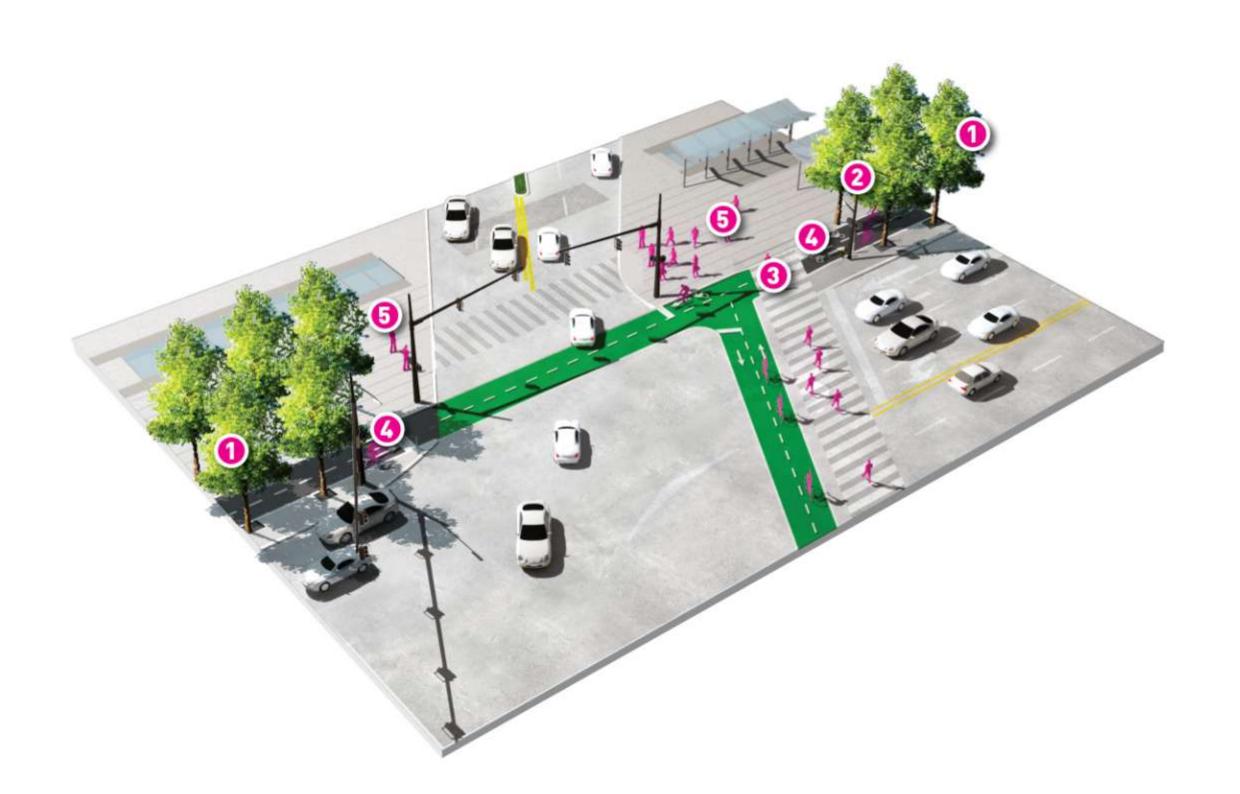
LEGEND

- - PLANTING
- LIGHTING
- LEVELING



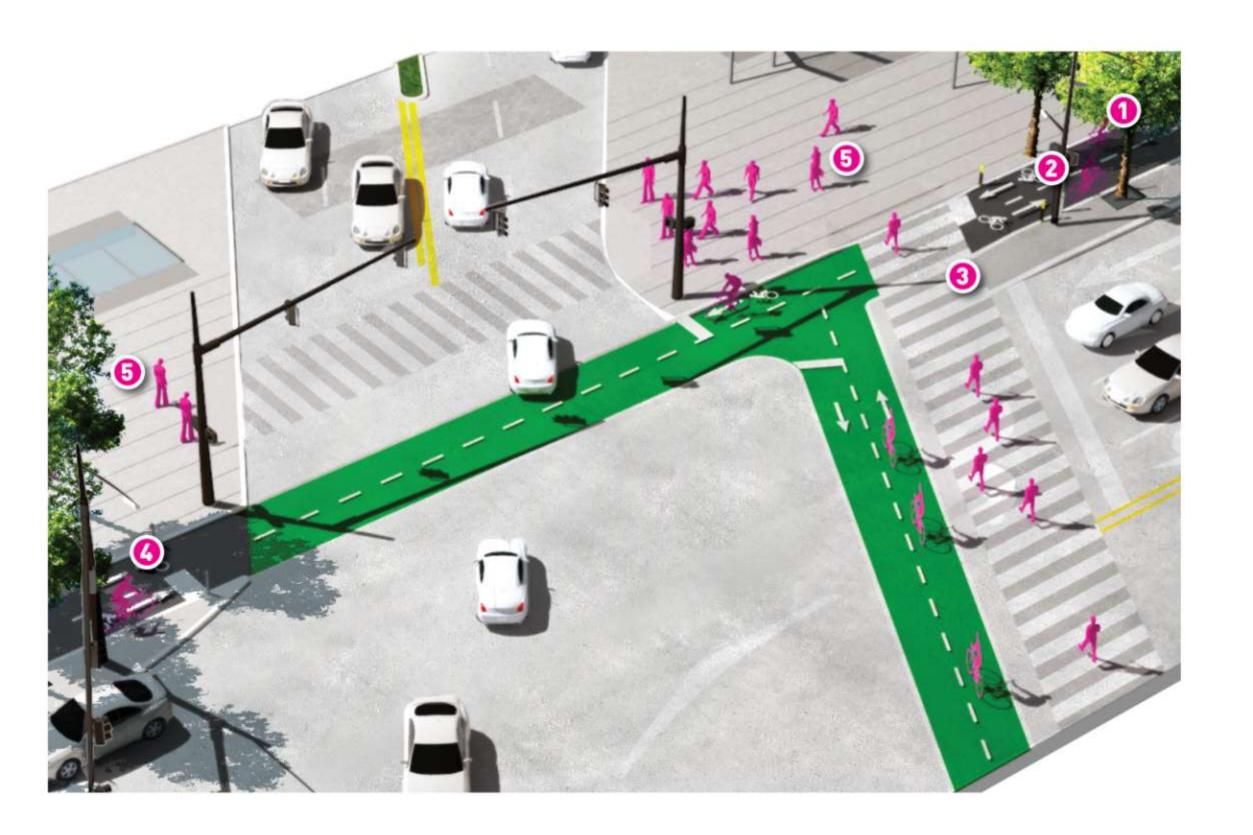
WAYFINDING

PIER ACCESS AT COLMAN DOCK - HEAVY VEHICULAR ACTIVITY



- PLANTING
- 2 LIGHTING
- 3 LEVELING
- WAYFINDING
- PROGRAM OPPORTUNITY

PIER ACCESS AT COLMAN DOCK - HEAVY VEHICULAR ACTIVITY



- PLANTING
- 2 LIGHTING
- 3 LEVELING
- WAYFINDING
- PROGRAM OPPORTUNITY

A STATE OF THE ART BIKE FACILITY

- •SAFE, RELIABLE + CONNECTED
- LIMITED VEHICLE CONFLICTS
- ENCOURAGES USE BY A WIDE RANGE OF CYCLISTS
- APPLICATION OF BEST PRACTICES

THE CYCLIST'S PUBLIC REALM EXPERIENCE + ASSET TO THE WATERFRONT PUBLIC REALM

PROGRAM WITH OPPORTUNITY



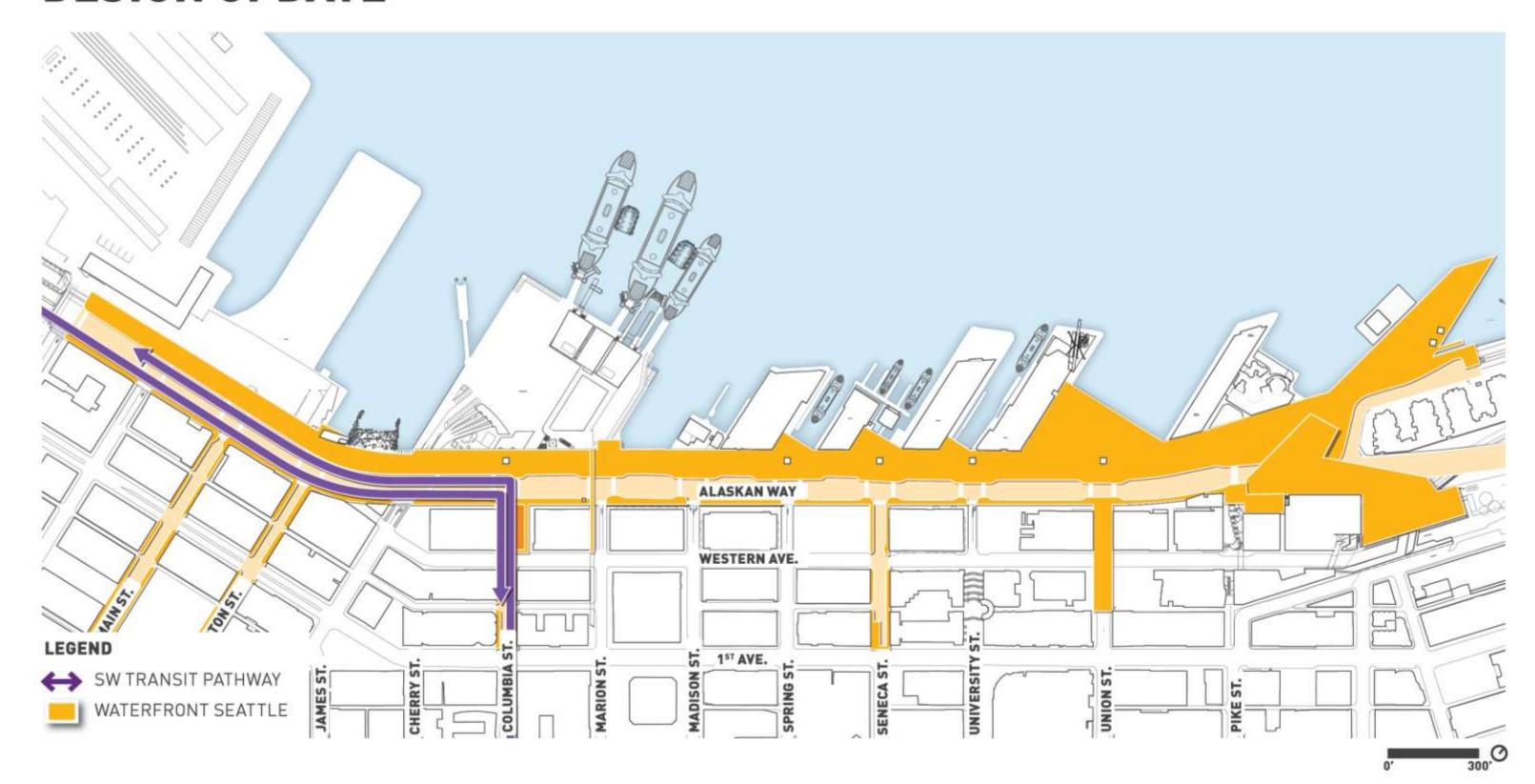
THE CYCLIST'S PUBLIC REALM EXPERIENCE + ASSET TO THE WATERFRONT PUBLIC REALM PROGRAM WITH OPPORTUNITY



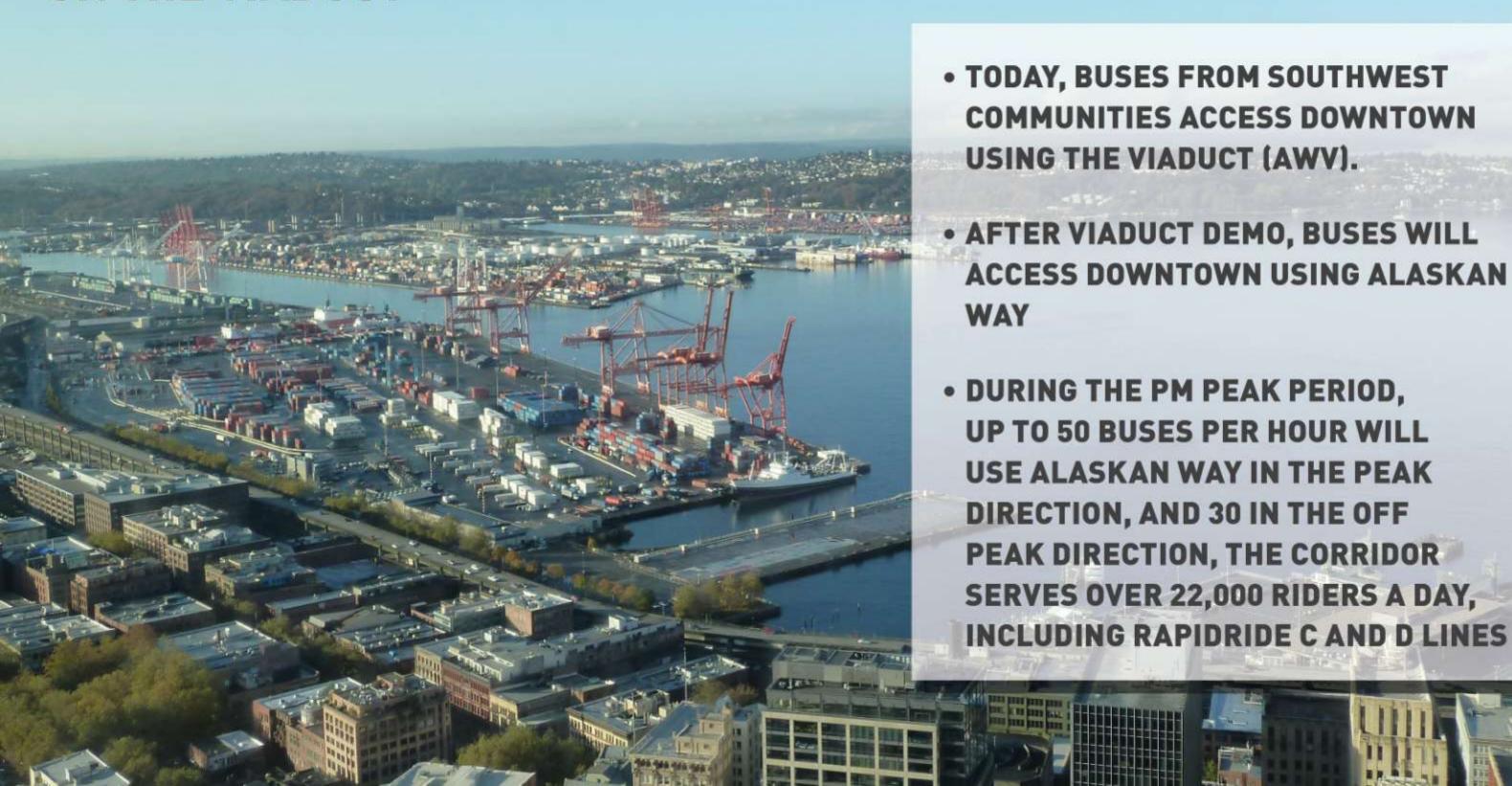
SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY DESIGN UPDATE

MARCH, 2013

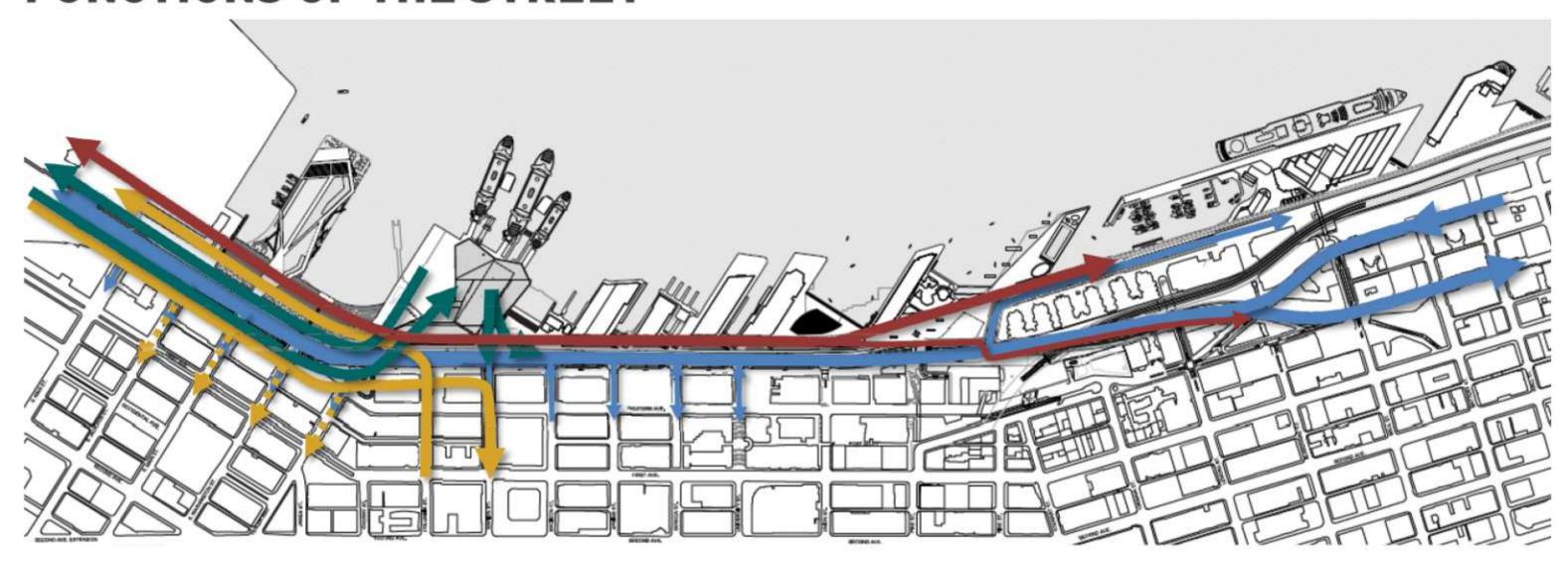
SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY DESIGN UPDATE

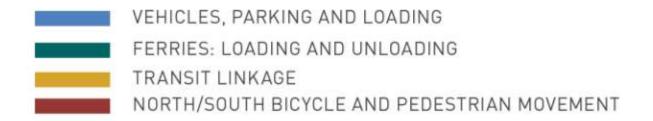


SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY ON THE VIADUCT



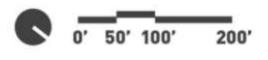
FUNCTIONS OF THE STREET

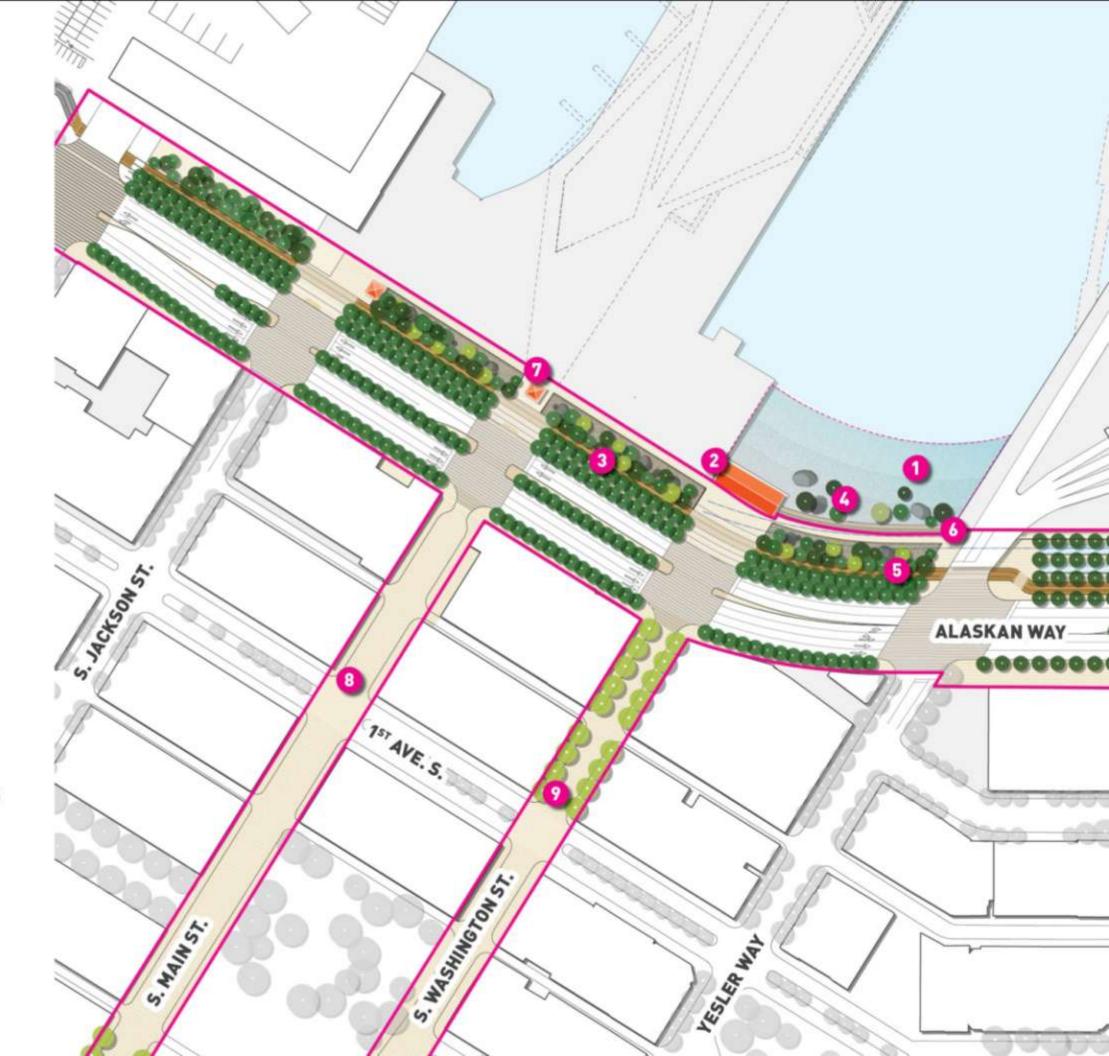




PIONEER SQUARE

- SEAWALL BEACH
- WASHINGTON ST. BOAT LANDING
- 8 BOARDWALK
- GLACIAL ERRATICS
- 6 FIR SHORELINE
- SEAWALL BENCH
- O CONNECTION TO PIER 48
- S. MAIN ST. IMPROVEMENTS
- **9** S. WASHINGTON ST. IMPROVEMENTS
- CORE PROJECT AREA
- SEAWALL

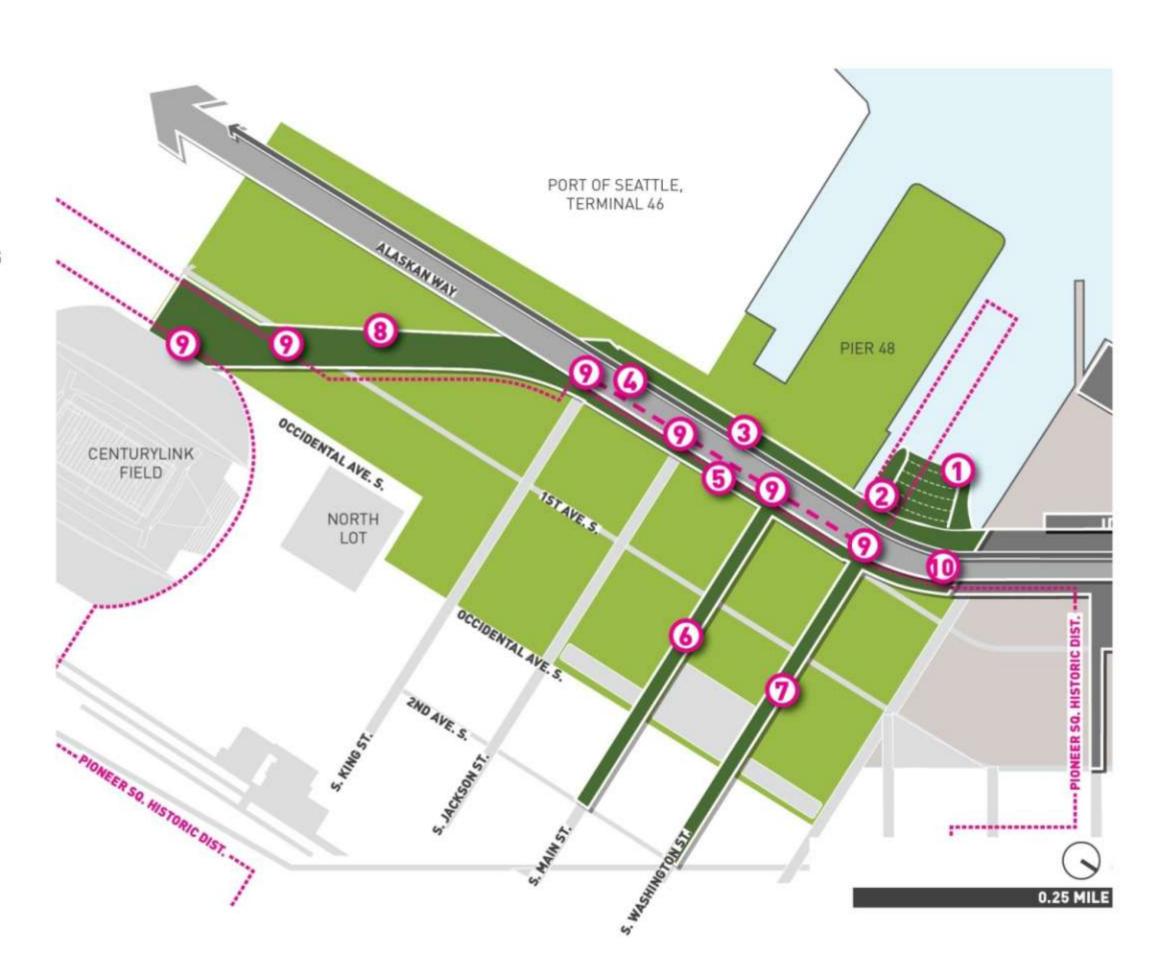




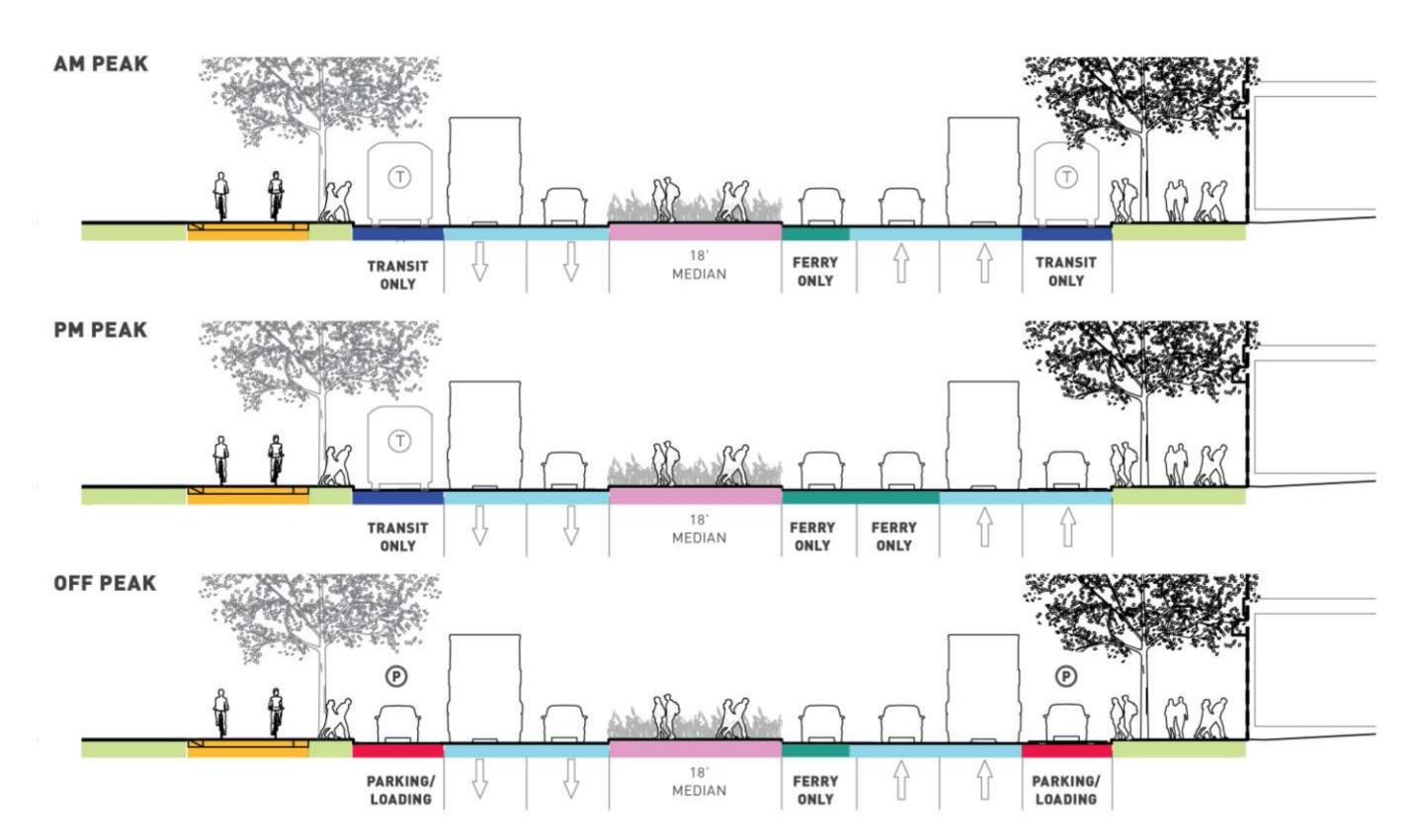
APPROACH TO PROGRAM

PIONEER SQUARE NEIGHBORHOOD PROJECT ELEMENTS

- 1 PIONEER SQUARE BEACH
- 2 WASHINGTON ST. BOAT LANDING
- 3 TIDELINE PROMENADE
- 4 CYCLE TRACK
- EAST SIDE PUBLIC REALM
- MAIN STREET
- WASHINGTON STREET
- RAILROAD WAY
- INTERSECTIONS
- ALASKAN WAY

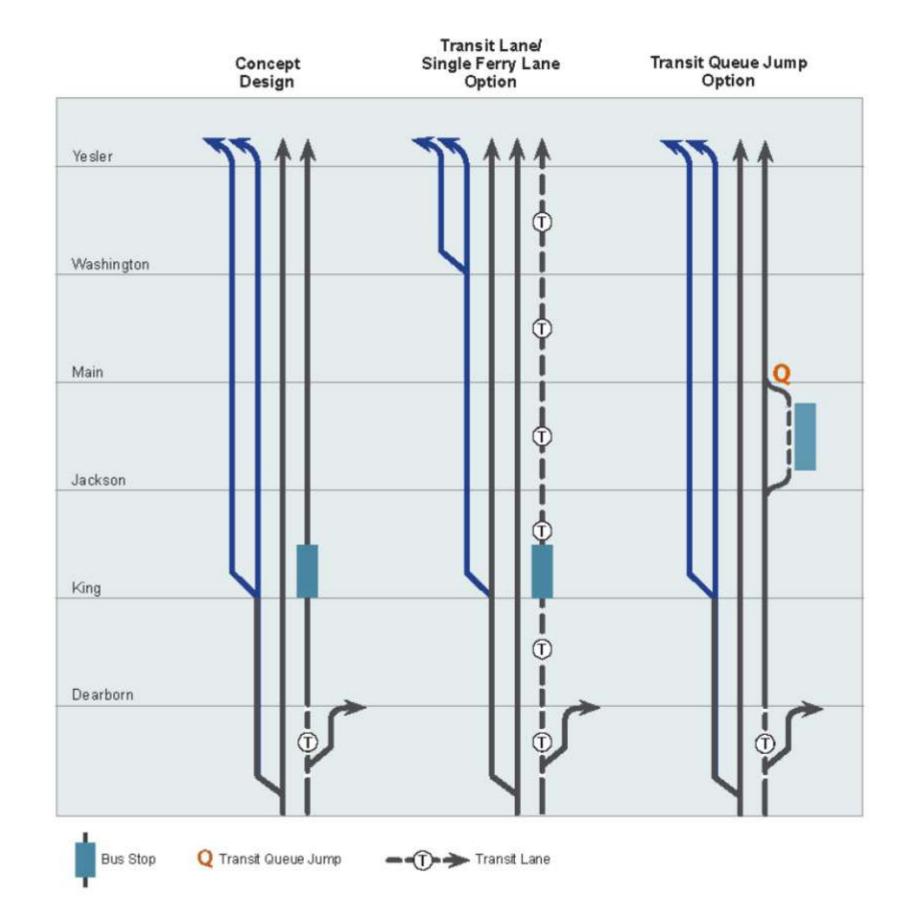


JULY, 2012 FLEX LANES



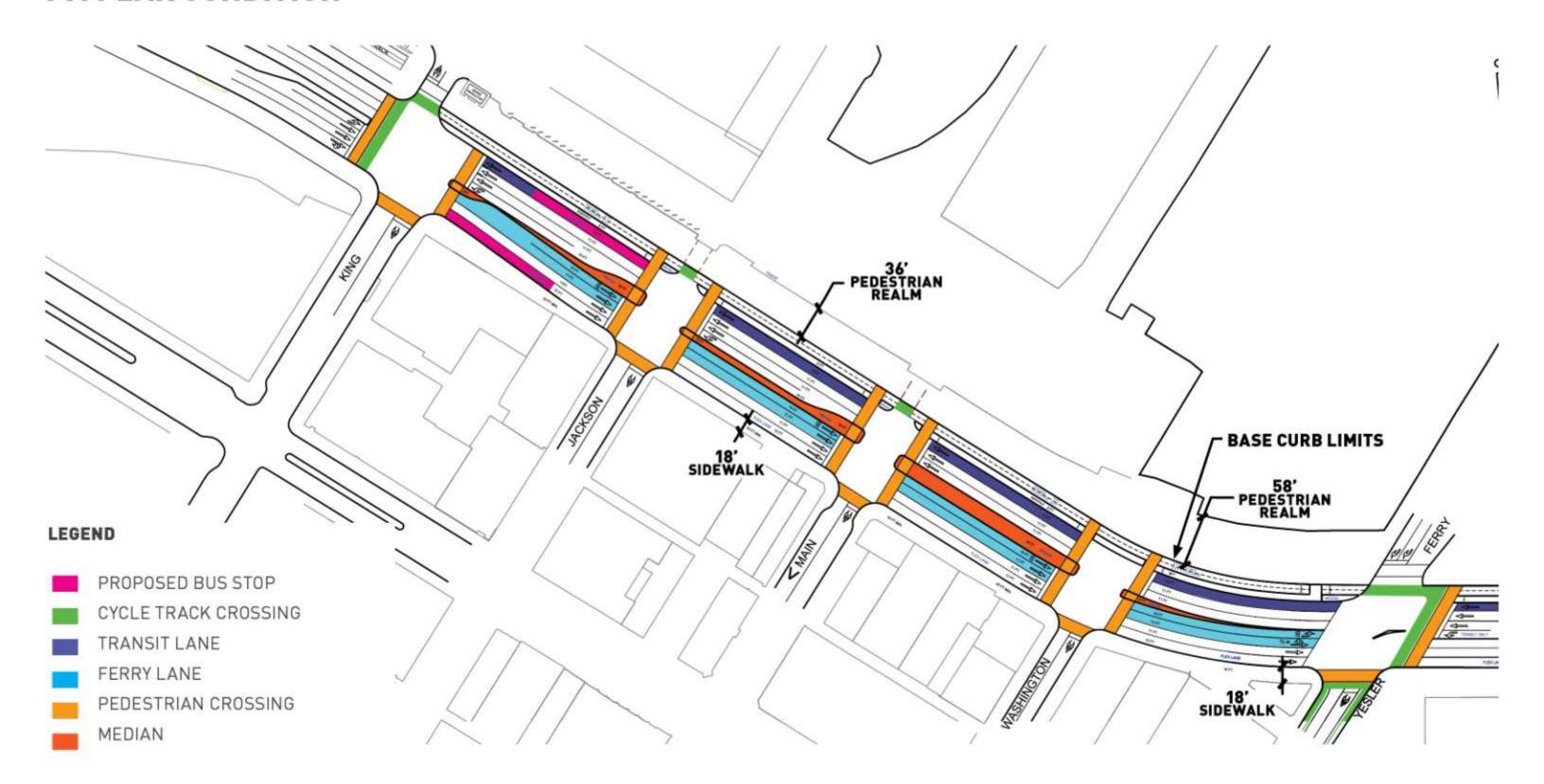
SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY

PM PEAK HOUR LANE CONFIGURATIONS



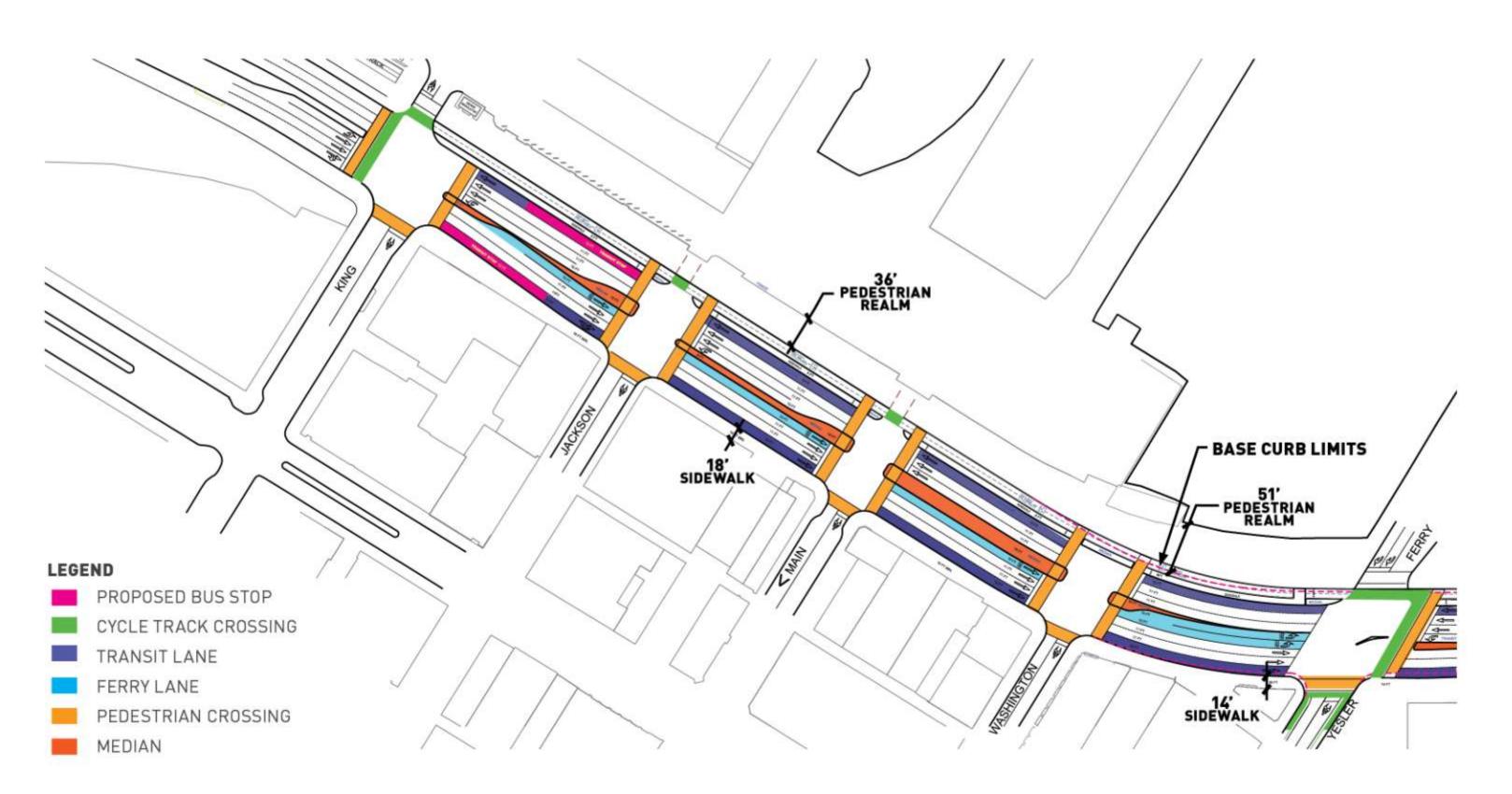
SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY OPTIONS

CURRENT PROPOSED DESIGN PM PEAK CONDITION



SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY

NORTHBOUND TRANSIT LANE/SINGLE FERRY LANE OPTION



SOUTHWEST TRANSIT PATHWAY

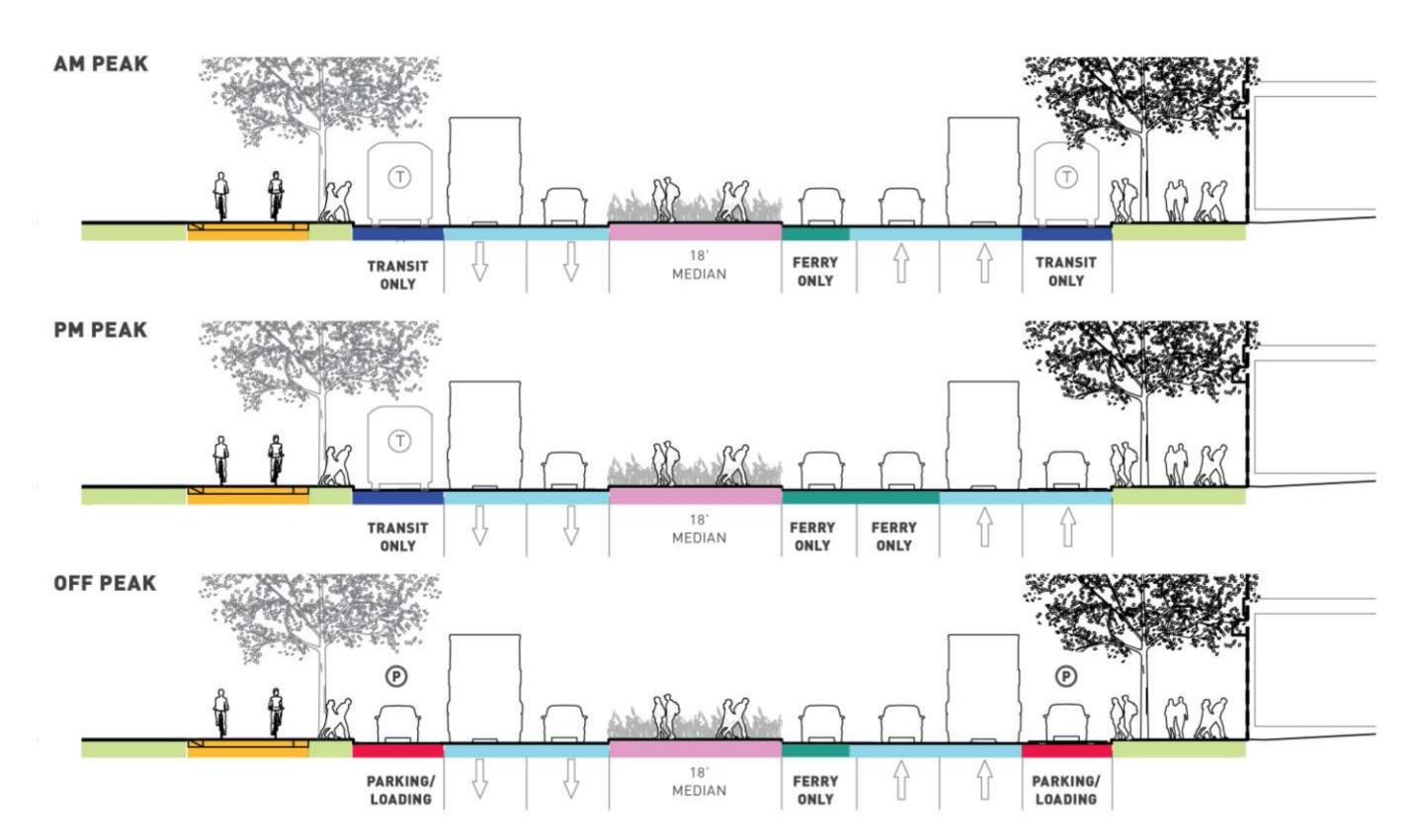
NORTHBOUND TRANSIT QUEUE JUMP OPTION



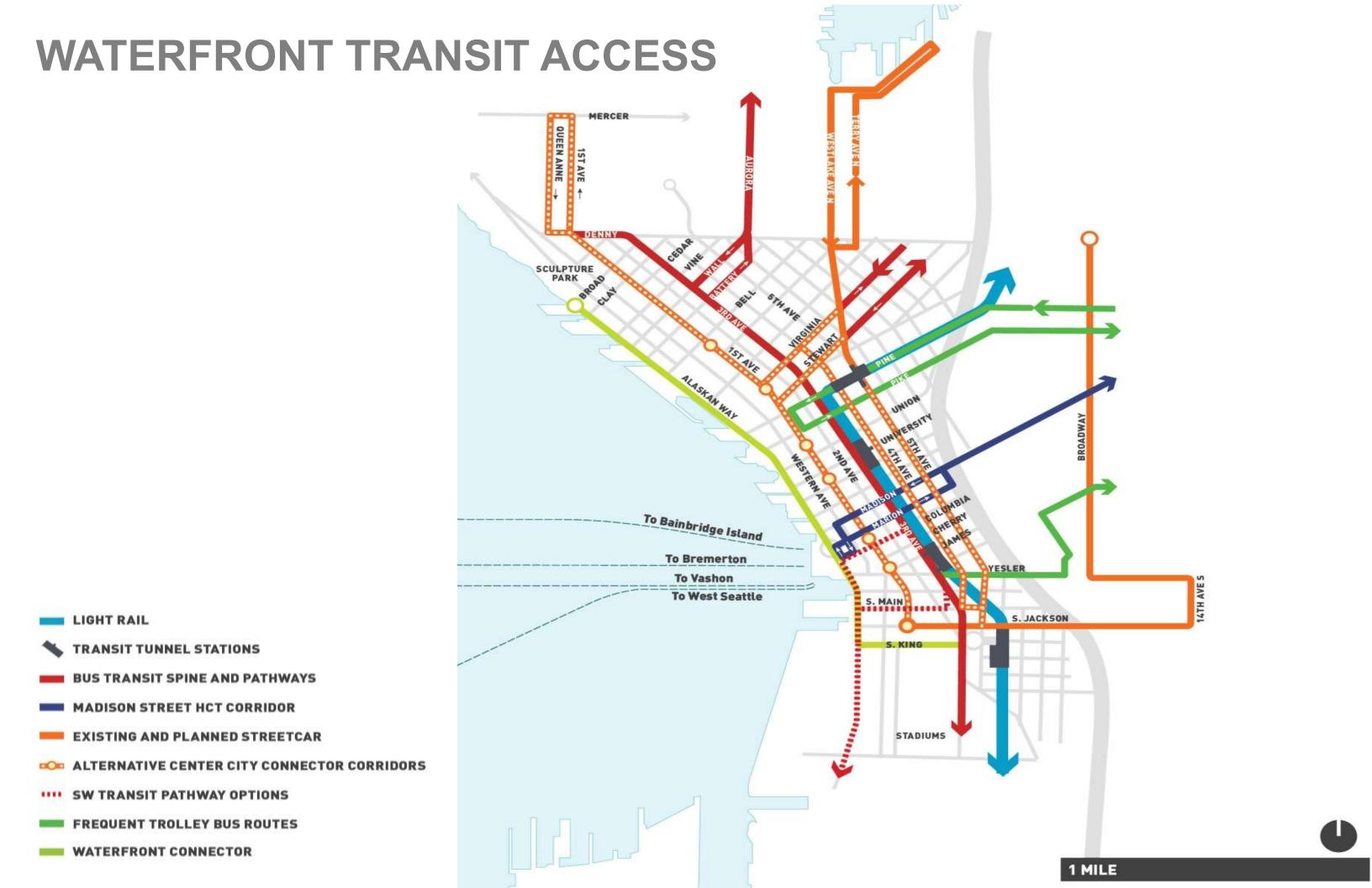
Southwest Transit Pathway Options for Alaskan Way – Northbound PM Peak

| | Concept Design | Transit lane option | Transit queue jump option |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Northbound lane configuration in PM peak (west to east) | Ferry/Ferry/General/General | Ferry/General /General/Transit (plus additional ferry turn lane between Washington and Yesler) | Ferry/Ferry/General/General (plus additional transit lane pull out between Jackson and Main) |
| Transit priority measures | Transit lane on Dearborn NB off ramp | Transit lane on Dearborn NB off ramp Transit lane on Alaskan Way Dearborn to Columbia | Transit lane on Dearborn NB off ramp Transit queue jump at Main |
| Transit travel time – Dearborn to Columbia (minutes) | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| General Purpose traffic travel time – Dearborn to Columbia (minutes) | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Street width at Main* | 7 lanes/96 ft | 7 lanes/96 ft | 8 lanes/106 ft |
| Street width at Yesler* | 7 lanes/78 ft | 8 lanes/88 ft | 7 lanes /78 ft |
| Northbound bus stop location/type during PM peak | King-Jackson/in lane | King-Jackson/in lane | Jackson-Main/pull-out with queue jump at Main signal |
| Northbound right turn prohibitions | None | None | NB right turn to Main prohibited |

JULY, 2012 FLEX LANES



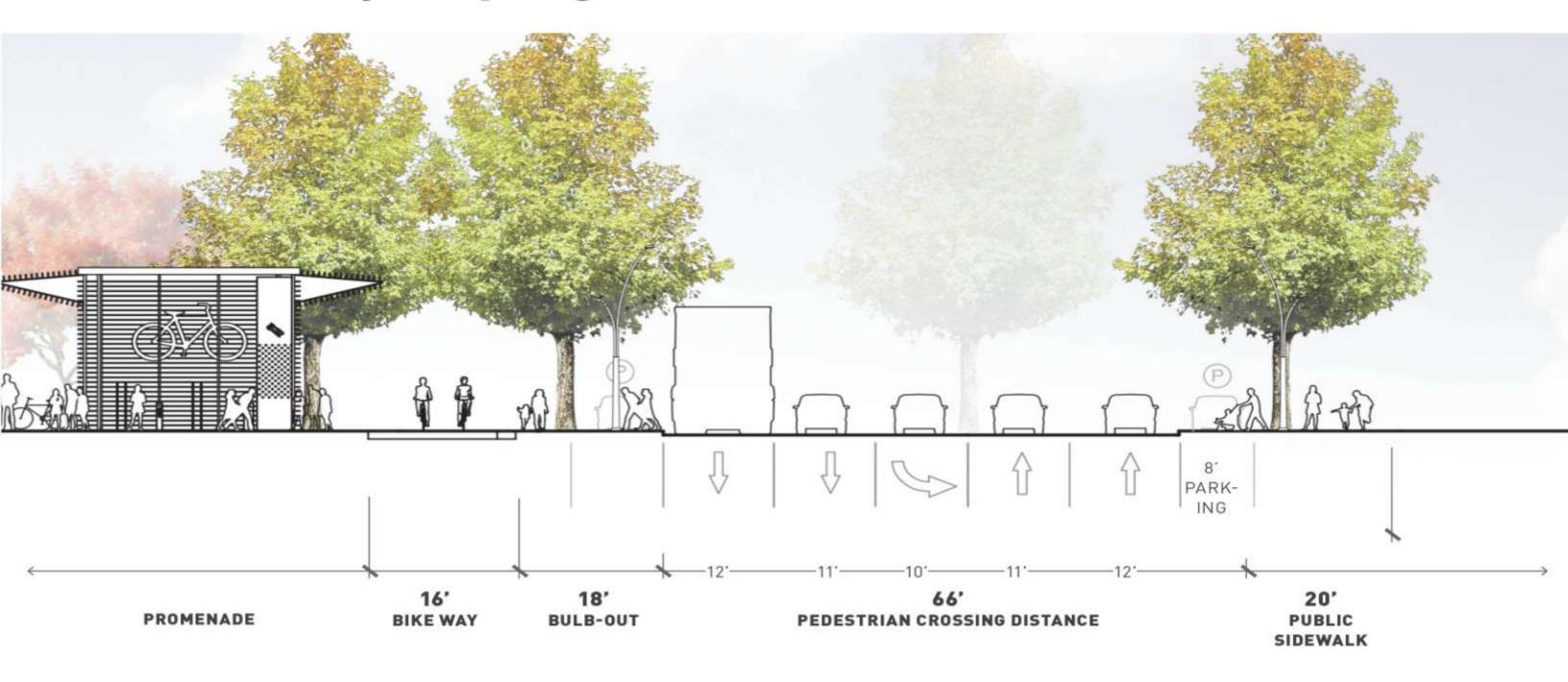
LOCAL WATERFRONT TRANSIT



WATERFRONT TRANSIT CONCEPT

- SERVES LOCAL WATERFRONT MARKET
- OPERATES IN STREET IN SHARED LANE
- FREQUENT
- USER FRIENDLY
- LEGIBLE
- ICONIC
- FITS WATERFRONT CHARACTER AND DEMAND
- COMPELLING ALTERNATIVE TO DRIVING
- COMPLIMENTARY TO OTHER DOWNTOWN TRANSIT

C: Alaskan Way at Spring Street



HISTORIC STREETCAR FEASIBILITY

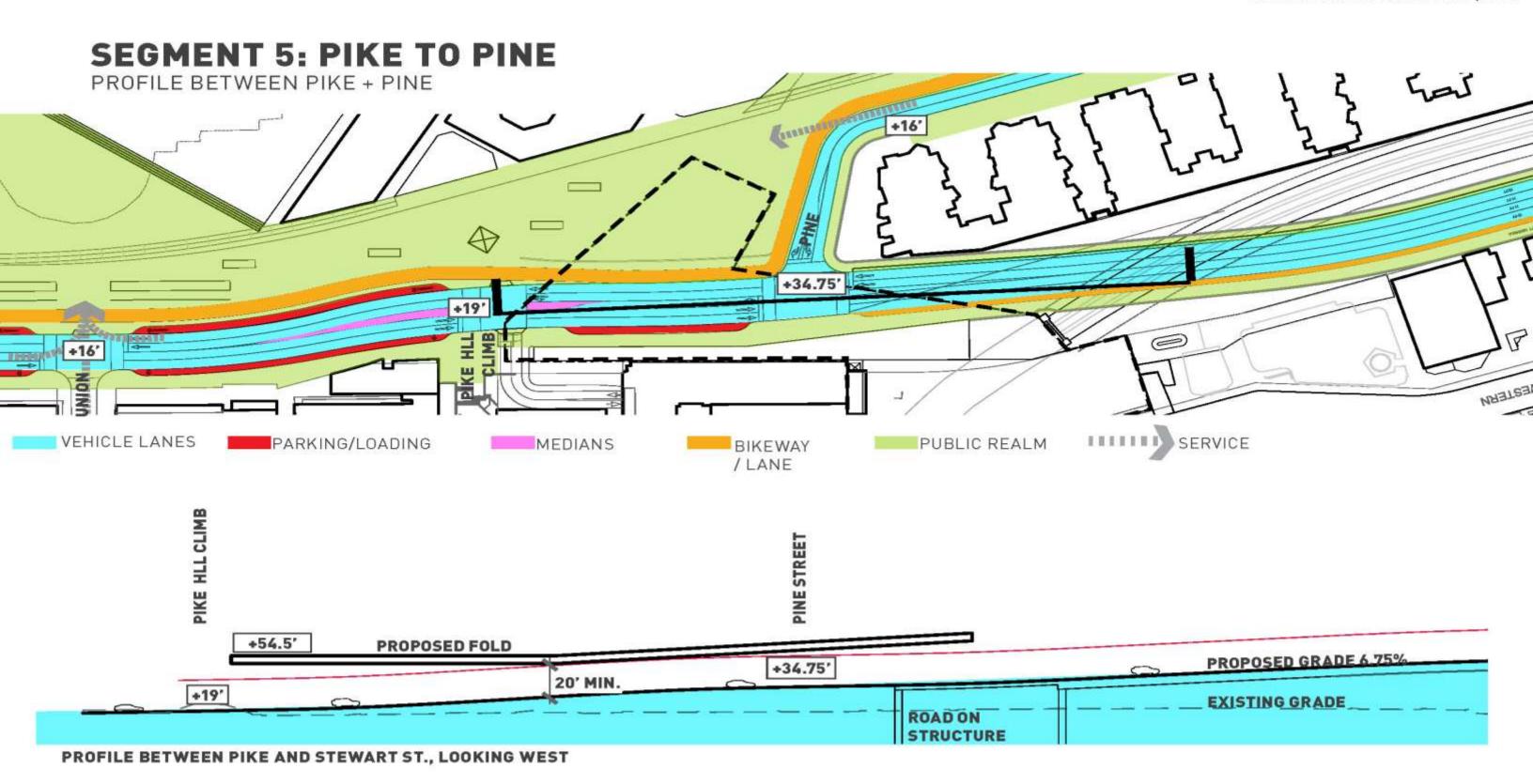
- •VEHICLE OPERATIONS/SAFETY
- •GRADES
- **•DOORS ON BOTH SIDES**
- •AUTOMATIC DOORS/SINGLE OPERATOR
- **•DISABILITY ACCESS**

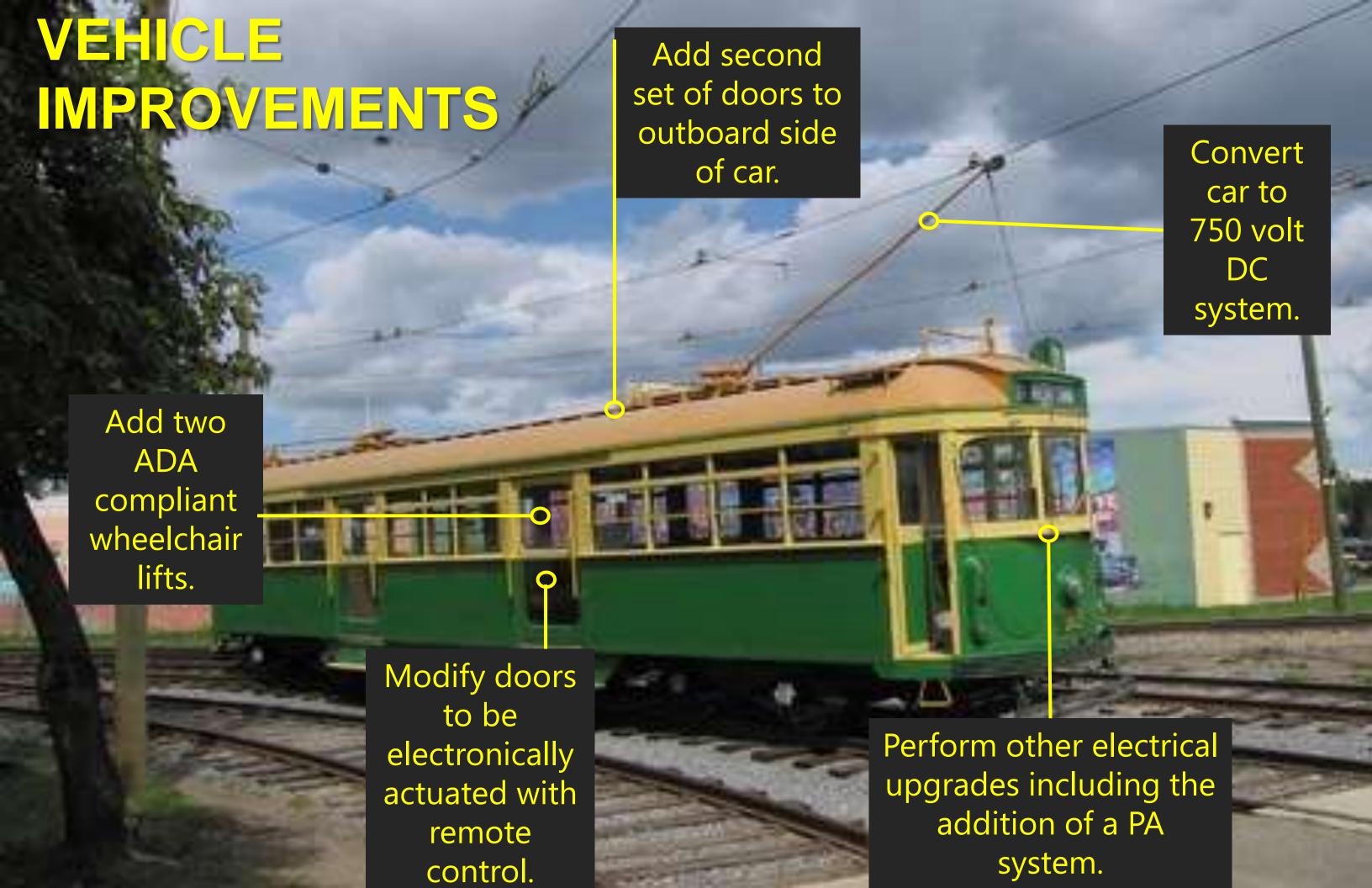
COMPATIBILITY WITH MODERN STREETCAR

- LOW FLOOR LOADING
- VOLTAGE

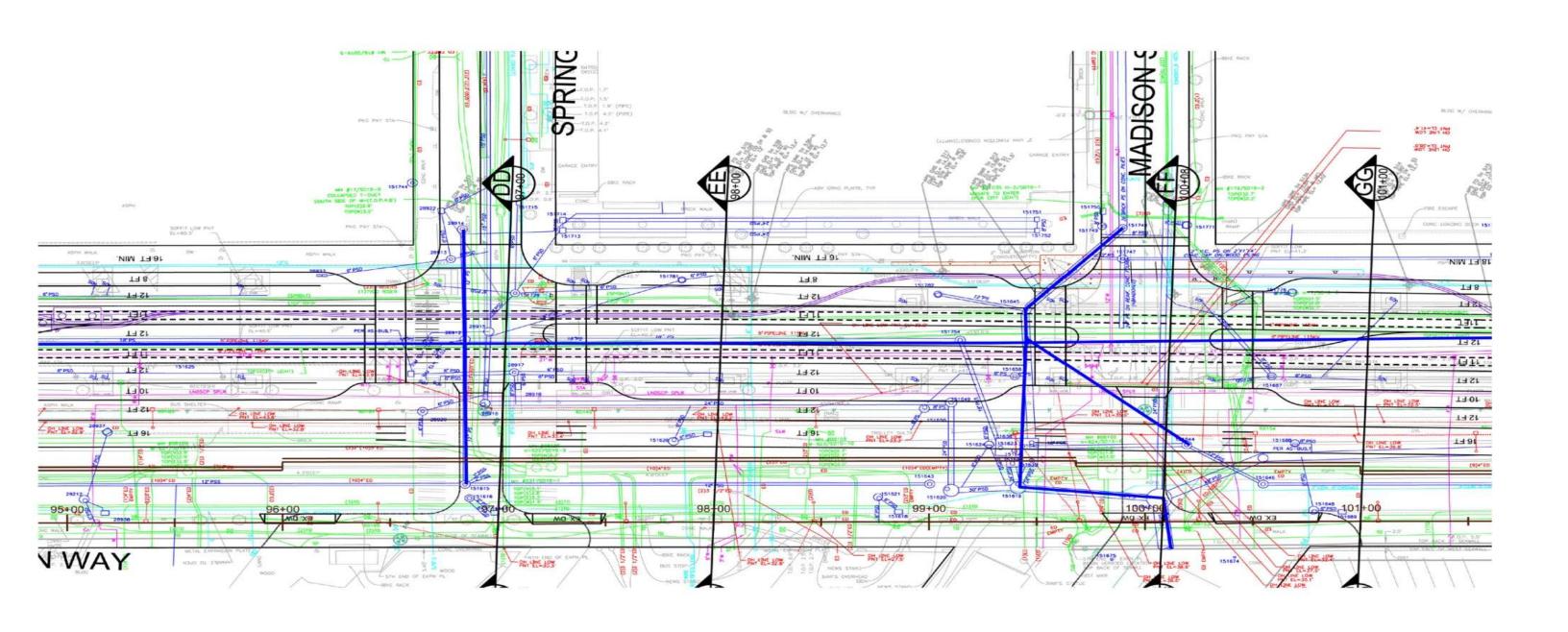
UTILITY CONFLICTS







UTILITY CONFLICTS



LOCAL WATERFRONT TRANSIT EVALUATION

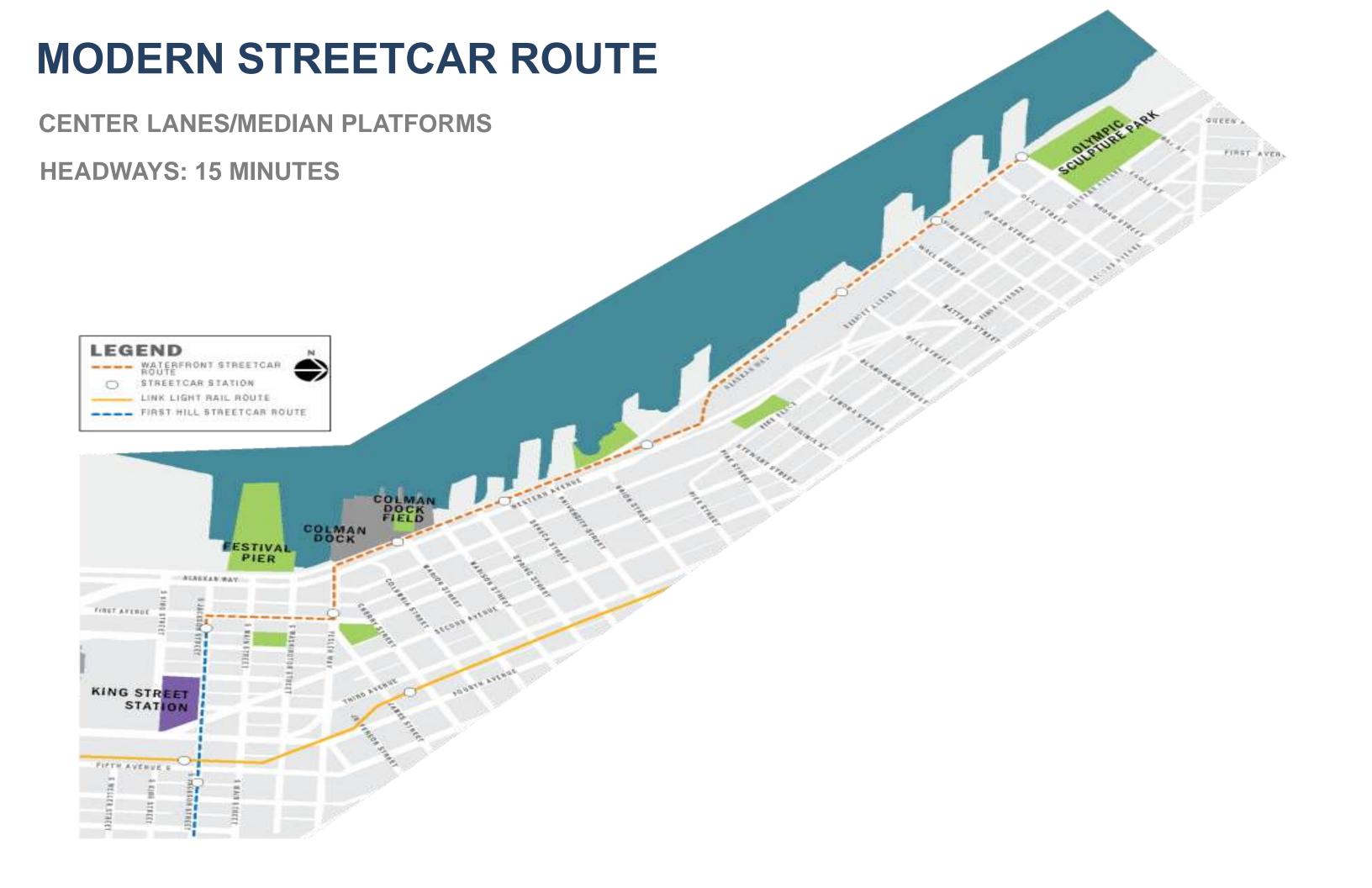


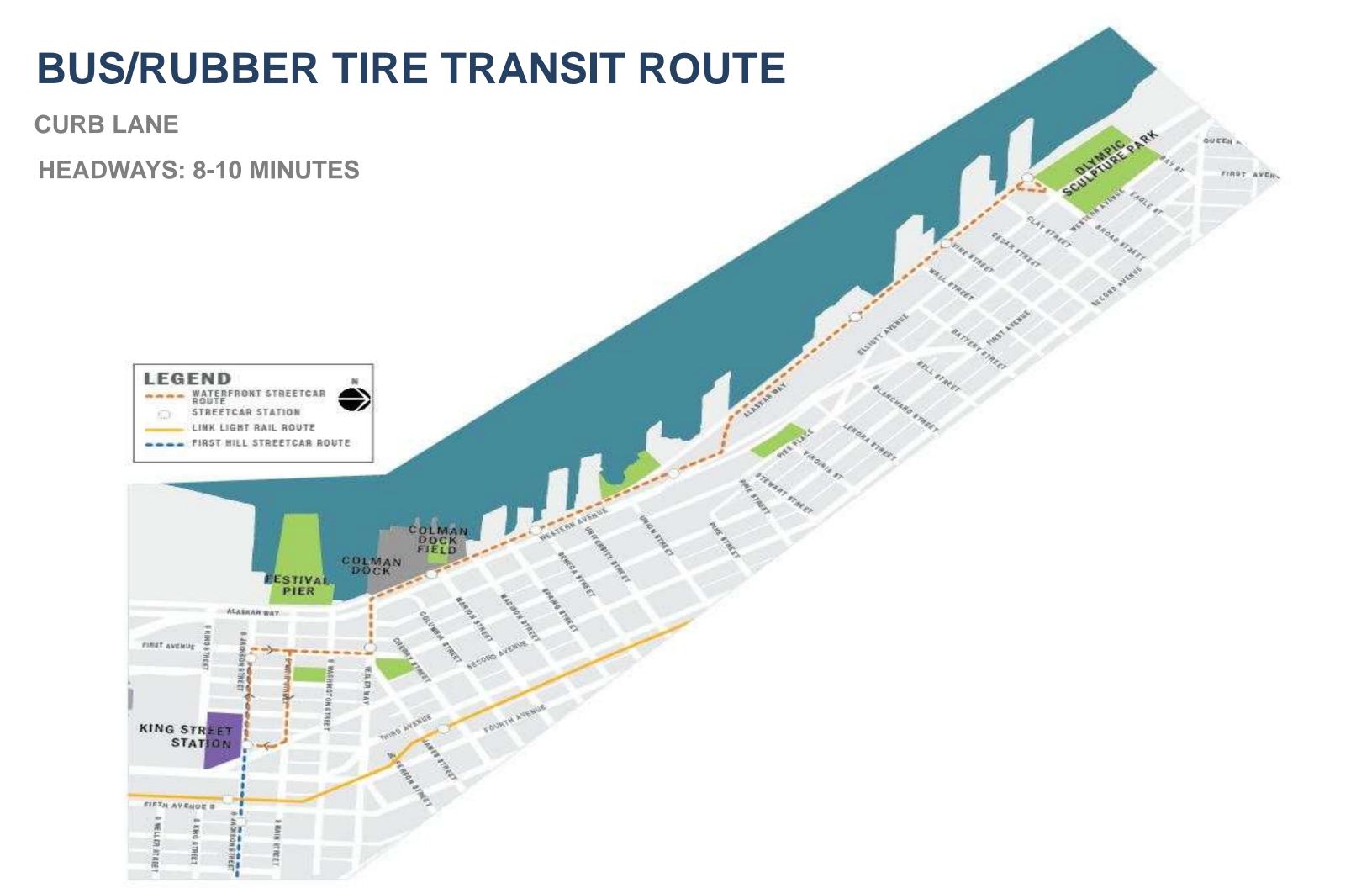












HISTORIC STREETCAR OPTIONS

TWO OPTIONS TO BE EVALUATED:

LOWER COST OPTION

- •OPERATES SEPARATELY FROM MODERN STREETCAR SYSTEM
- HIGH FLOOR LOADING
- •ONLY MODIFICATION IS TO ADD DOORS TO BOTH SIDES
- **•TROLLEY BARN UNDER ELLIOTT WAY AT PINE STREET**
- •VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT COST \$1.4 MILLION

HIGHER COST OPTION

- •CARS COMPATIBLE WITH MODERN STREETCAR SYSTEM** (LOW FLOOR LOADING, 750 V)
- •AUTOMATIC DOORS SINGLE OPERATOR
- •WHEELCHAIR LIFTS
- •VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT COST \$14.6 MILLION

^{**}EXCEPT FIRST HILL LINE

EVALUATION CRITERIA

COSTS

- Operations and Maintenance
- Capital (vehicles, power, rails, platforms, maintenance base)
- Utility conflicts requiring relocation

ENVIRONMENTAL

- Noise
- Air Quality
- Aesthetics

OPERATIONS & PERFORMANCE

- Vehicle/System Capacity
- Travel time
- Safety
- Rider Comfort/Satisfaction
- Vehicle Operations
- Traffic Impact
- ADA Compliance

FUNDING

- Public funding potential
- Private fundraising potential

DISCUSSION